

#### **Summary Prospectus**

May 1, 2014 as amended December 31, 2014

# Franklin Mutual Financial Services Fund

(formerly, Mutual Financial Services Fund)

FRANKLIN MUTUAL SERIES FUNDS

Before you invest, you may want to review the Fund's prospectus, which contains more information about the Fund and its risks. You can find the Fund's prospectus, statement of additional information and other information about the Fund online at www.franklintempleton.com/prospectus. You can also get this information at no cost by calling (800) DIAL BEN/342-5236 or by sending an e-mail request to prospectus@franklintempleton.com. The Fund's prospectus and statement of additional information, both dated May 1, 2014, as may be supplemented, are all incorporated by reference into this Summary Prospectus.

Class A	Class C	Class R6	Class Z
TFSIX	TMFSX	Pending	TEFAX

#### **Investment Goal**

Capital appreciation, which may occasionally be short term. The secondary goal is income.

## Fees and Expenses of the Fund

These tables describe the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund. You may qualify for sales charge discounts in Class A if you and your family invest, or agree to invest in the future, at least \$50,000 in Franklin Templeton funds. More information about these and other discounts is available from your financial professional and under "Your Account" on page 142 in the Fund's Prospectus and under "Buying and Selling Shares" on page 72 of the Fund's Statement of Additional Information.

#### Shareholder Fees

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(fees paid directly from your investment)

	Class A	Class C	Class R6	Class Z
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases (as percentage of offering price)	5.75%	None	None	None
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load) (as percentage of the lower of original purchase price or sale proceeds)	None <sup>1</sup>	1.00%	None	None

<sup>1.</sup> There is a 1% contingent deferred sales charge that applies to investments of \$1 million or more (see "Investments of \$1 Million or More" under "Choosing a Share Class") and purchases by certain retirement plans without an initial sales charge.

#### **Annual Fund Operating Expenses**

(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

	Class A	Class C	Class R6	Class Z
Management fees	0.80%	0.80%	0.80%	0.80%
Distribution and service (12b-1) fees	0.30%	1.00%	None	None
Other expenses	0.36%	0.36%	1.38%	0.36%
Total annual Fund operating expenses <sup>1</sup>	1.46%	2.16%	2.18%	1.16%
Fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement <sup>2</sup>	_	_	-1.21%	_
Total annual Fund operating expenses after fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement <sup>2</sup>	1.46%	2.16%	0.97%	1.16%

<sup>1.</sup> The Fund began offering Class R6 shares on May 1, 2013. Total annual operating expenses are annualized.

<sup>2.</sup> The transfer agent has contractually agreed to cap transfer agency fees for Class R6 shares of the Fund so that transfer agency fees for that Class do not exceed 0.01% until at least April 30, 2015. Contractual fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement agreements may not be terminated during terms set forth above.

#### **Example**

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of the period. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same. The Example reflects adjustments made to the Fund's operating expenses due to the fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement by management for the 1 Year numbers only. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Class A	\$715	\$1,010	\$1,327	\$2,221
Class C	\$319	\$676	\$1,159	\$2,493
Class R6	\$99	\$565	\$1,059	\$2,418
Class Z	\$118	\$368	\$638	\$1,409
If you do not sell your shares:				
Class C	\$219	\$676	\$1,159	\$2,493

#### Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual Fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 25.73% of the average value of its portfolio.

## **Principal Investment Strategies**

Under normal market conditions, the Fund invests at least 80% of its net assets in securities of financial services companies that the investment manager believes are available at market prices less than their value based on certain recognized or objective criteria (intrinsic value). Following this value-oriented strategy, the Fund invests primarily in undervalued equity securities (securities trading at a discount to intrinsic value). The equity securities in which the Fund invests are primarily common stock. To a lesser extent, the Fund also invests in merger arbitrage securities and the debt and equity of distressed companies.

The Fund is not limited to pre-set maximums or minimums governing the size of the companies in which it may invest. However, the Fund invests the equity portion of its portfolio substantially in mid- and large cap companies and may invest a significant portion of its equity portfolio in small-cap companies.

The Fund may invest in foreign securities without limit.

The Fund may attempt, from time to time, to hedge (protect) against currency risks, largely using currency forward contracts and currency futures contracts (including currency index futures contracts) when, in the investment manager's opinion, it would be advantageous to the Fund to do so. The Fund may also, from time to time, attempt to hedge against market risk using a variety of derivatives.

#### Portfolio Selection

The investment manager employs a research driven, fundamental value strategy for the Fund. Investments are generally selected based on the investment manager's own analysis of the security's intrinsic value, including for equity securities, an analysis of book value, cash flow potential, long-term earnings and multiples of earnings. The investment manager examines each investment separately and there are no set criteria as to specific value parameters, asset size, earnings or industry type.

## Principal Risks

You could lose money by investing in the Fund. Mutual fund shares are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank, and are not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Federal Reserve Board, or any other agency of the U.S. government.

**Market** The market values of securities or other investments owned by the Fund will go up or down, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. A security's market value may be reduced by market activity or other results of supply and demand unrelated to the issuer. This is a basic risk associated with all securities. When there are more sellers than buyers, prices tend to fall. Likewise, when there are more buyers than sellers, prices tend to rise.

Stock prices tend to go up and down more dramatically than those of debt securities. A slower-growth or recessionary economic environment could have an adverse effect on the prices of the various stocks held by the Fund.

**Financial Services Companies** The Fund concentrates its investments in companies operating in the financial services industry, which means that the Fund is less diversified than a fund investing in a broader range of industries, and is particularly sensitive to general market conditions and other risks of the financial services industry. These risks include the effects of: (1) changes in interest rates on the profitability of financial services companies; (2) the rate of corporate and consumer debt defaults; (3) price competition; (4) governmental limitations on a company's loans, other financial commitments, product lines and other operations; and (5) recent ongoing changes in the financial services industry (including consolidations, development of new products and changes to the industry's regulatory framework). Some financial services companies have recently experienced significant losses in value and the possible recapitalization of such companies may present greater risks of loss. Insurance companies have additional risks, such as heavy price competition, claims activity and marketing competition, and can be particularly sensitive to specific events such as man-made and natural disasters (including weather catastrophes), terrorism, mortality risks and morbidity rates.

**Value Style Investing** A value stock may not increase in price as anticipated by the investment manager if other investors fail to recognize the company's value and bid up the price, the markets favor faster-growing companies, or the factors that the investment manager believes will increase the price of the security do not occur.

Foreign Securities Investing in foreign securities typically involves more risks than investing in U.S. securities, and includes risks associated with: internal and external political and economic developments – e.g., the political, economic and social policies and structures of some foreign countries may be less stable and more volatile than those in the U.S. or some foreign countries may be subject to trading restrictions or economic sanctions; trading practices – e.g., government supervision and regulation of foreign securities and currency markets, trading systems and brokers may be less than in the U.S.; availability of information – e.g., foreign issuers may not be subject to the same disclosure, accounting and financial reporting standards and practices as U.S. issuers; limited markets – e.g., the securities of certain foreign issuers may be less liquid (harder to sell) and more volatile; and currency exchange rate fluctuations and policies. The risks of foreign investments may be greater in developing or emerging market countries.

**Smaller and Midsize Companies** Securities issued by smaller and midsize companies may be more volatile in price than those of larger companies, involve substantial risks and should be considered speculative. Such risks may include greater sensitivity to economic conditions, less certain growth prospects, lack of

depth of management and funds for growth and development, and limited or less developed product lines and markets. In addition, smaller and midsize companies may be particularly affected by interest rate increases, as they may find it more difficult to borrow money to continue or expand operations, or may have difficulty in repaying any loans.

**Derivative Instruments** The performance of derivative instruments depends largely on the performance of an underlying instrument, such as a currency, security, interest rate or index, and such instruments often have risks similar to the underlying instrument, in addition to other risks. Derivatives involve costs and can create economic leverage in the Fund's portfolio which may result in significant volatility and cause the Fund to participate in losses (as well as gains) in an amount that exceeds the Fund's initial investment. Other risks include illiquidity, mispricing or improper valuation of the derivative instrument, and imperfect correlation between the value of the derivative and the underlying instrument so that the Fund may not realize the intended benefits. When used for hedging, the change in value of the derivative may also not correlate specifically with the currency, security or other risk being hedged. With over-the-counter derivatives, there is the risk that the other party to the transaction will fail to perform.

Merger Arbitrage Securities and Distressed Companies A merger or other restructuring, or a tender or exchange offer, proposed or pending at the time the Fund invests in merger arbitrage securities may not be completed on the terms or within the time frame contemplated, which may result in losses to the Fund. Debt obligations of distressed companies typically are unrated, lower-rated, in default or close to default and are generally more likely to become worthless than the securities of more financially stable companies.

**Management** The Fund is subject to management risk because it is an actively managed investment portfolio. The Fund's investment manager applies investment techniques and risk analyses in making investment decisions for the Fund, but there can be no guarantee that these decisions will produce the desired results.

## Performance

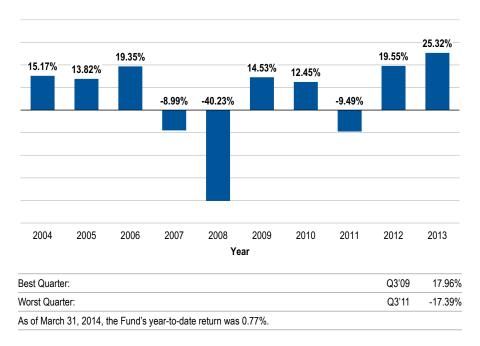
The following bar chart and table provide some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows changes in the Fund's performance from year to year for Class A shares. The table shows how the Fund's average annual returns for 1 year, 5 years, 10 years or since inception, as applicable, compared with those of a broad measure of market performance. The Fund's past performance (before

and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. You can obtain updated performance information at franklintempleton.com or by calling (800) DIAL BEN/342-5236.

The secondary index in the table below shows how the Fund's performance compares to a group of securities that aligns more closely with the Fund's investment strategies.

Sales charges are not reflected in the bar chart, and if those charges were included, returns would be less than those shown.

#### Class A Annual Total Returns



#### **Average Annual Total Returns**

(figures reflect sales charges)
For the periods ended December 31, 2013

1 Year	5 Years	10 Years
18.13%	10.48%	3.43%
18.05%	10.03%	2.38%
10.57%	8.32%	2.84%
23.50%	11.00%	3.33%
25.67%	12.13%	4.36%
32.39%	17.94%	7.40%
35 63%	13 75%	-0.26%
	18.13% 18.05% 10.57% 23.50% 25.67%	18.13% 10.48% 18.05% 10.03% 10.57% 8.32% 23.50% 11.00% 25.67% 12.13% 32.39% 17.94%

Performance information for Class R6 shares is not shown because this class did not have a full calendar year of operations as of the date of this prospectus.

No one index is representative of the Fund's portfolio.

The after-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold their Fund shares through tax-deferred arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. After-tax returns are shown only for Class A and after-tax returns for other classes will vary.

## **Investment Manager**

Franklin Mutual Advisers, LLC (Franklin Mutual)

## Portfolio Managers

#### Andrew Sleeman, CFA

Portfolio Manager of Franklin Mutual and portfolio manager of the Fund since 2009.

#### Andrew Dinnhaupt, CFA

Portfolio Manager of Franklin Mutual and portfolio manager of the Fund since January 2014.

#### Richard Cetlin

Portfolio Manager of Franklin Mutual and portfolio manager of the Fund since 2010.

### Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

You may purchase or redeem shares of the Fund on any business day online through our website at franklintempleton.com, by mail (Franklin Templeton Investor Services, P.O. Box 33030, St. Petersburg, FL 33733-8030), or by telephone at (800) 632-2301. For Class A and C, the minimum initial purchase for most accounts is \$1,000 (or \$50 under an automatic investment plan). Class R6 and Class Z are only available to certain qualified investors and the minimum initial investment will vary depending on the type of qualified investor, as described under "Your Account — Choosing a Share Class — Qualified Investors — Class R6" and "— Class Z" in the Fund's prospectus.

#### Taxes

The Fund's distributions are generally taxable to you as ordinary income, capital gains, or some combination of both, unless you are investing through a tax-deferred arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or an individual retirement account, in which case your distributions would generally be taxed when withdrawn from the tax-deferred account.

## Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your financial advisor or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

## FRANKLIN MUTUAL FINANCIAL SERVICES FUND SUMMARY PROSPECTUS



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Franklin Templeton Distributors, Inc. One Franklin Parkway San Mateo, CA 94403-1906 franklintempleton.com Franklin Mutual Financial Services Fund

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