MARCH 1, 2014

Before you invest, you may want to review the Fund's prospectus, which contains more information about the Fund and its risks. You can find the Fund's prospectus, statement of additional information and other information about the Fund online at www.franklintempleton.com/prospectus. You can also get this information at no cost by calling (800) DIAL BEN/342-5236 or by sending an e-mail request to prospectus@franklintempleton.com. The Fund's prospectus and statement of additional information, both dated March 1, 2014, as may be supplemented, are all incorporated by reference into this Summary Prospectus.

Click to view the fund's prospectus or statement of additional information.

Class A	Class C	Class R6	Advisor Class
FAFRX	FCFRX	Pending	FDAAX

FRANKLIN INVESTORS SECURITIES TRUST

SUMMARY PROSPECTUS

Franklin Floating Rate Daily Access Fund



Franklin · Templeton · Mutual Series

Investment Goal

High level of current income. A secondary goal is preservation of capital.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund

These tables describe the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund. You may qualify for sales charge discounts in Class A if you and your family invest, or agree to invest in the future, at least \$100,000 in Franklin Templeton funds. More information about these and other discounts is available from your financial professional and under "Your Account" on page 127 in the Fund's Prospectus and under "Buying and Selling Shares" on page 79 of the Fund's Statement of Additional Information.

SHAREHOLDER FEES (fees paid directly from your investment)

	Class A	Class C	Class R61	Advisor Class
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases (as percentage of offering price)	2.25%	None	None	None
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load) (as percentage of the lower of original purchase price or sale proceeds)	None ²	1.00%	None	None

^{1.} The Fund began offering Class R6 shares on May 1, 2013.

^{2.} There is a 0.75% contingent deferred sales charge that applies to investments of \$1 million or more (see "Sales Charges - Class A" under "Choosing a Share Class") and purchases by certain retirement plans without an initial sales charge.

ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES

(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

	Class A	Class C	Class R6	Advisor Class
Management fees ¹	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%
Distribution and service (12b-1) fees	0.25%	0.65%	None	None
Other expenses ^{1, 2}	0.10%	0.10%	0.03%	0.10%
Acquired fund fees and expenses	0.02%	0.02%	0.02%	0.02%
Total annual Fund operating expenses	0.87%	1.27%	0.55%	0.62%
Fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement ³	-0.02%	-0.02%	-0.02%	-0.02%
Total annual Fund operating expenses after fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement ^{3,4}	0.85%	1.25%	0.53%	0.60%

- 1. Management fees and other expenses have been restated to reflect current fiscal year fees and expenses as a result of the bundling of the Fund's investment management agreement with its fund administration agreement effective May 1, 2013. Such combined investment management fees are described further under "Management" in the Fund's prospectus. Total annual fund operating expenses are not affected by such bundling.
- Other expenses for Class R6 represent an estimate of expenses, including the effect of this Class's lower shareholder servicing fees.
- 3. Management has contractually agreed in advance to reduce its fee as a result of the Fund's investment in a Franklin Templeton money fund (acquired fund) for at least the next 12-month period. Contractual fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement agreements may not be terminated during the term set forth above.
- 4. Total annual Fund operating expenses differ from the ratio of expenses to average net assets shown in the Financial Highlights, which reflect the operating expenses of the Fund and do not include acquired fund fees and expenses.

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of the period. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same. The Example reflects adjustments made to the Fund's operating expenses due to the fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement by management for the 1 Year numbers only. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Class A	\$310	\$494	\$695	\$1,272
Class C	\$227	\$401	\$695	\$1,533
Class R6	\$54	\$174	\$305	\$688
Advisor Class	\$61	\$197	\$344	\$773

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
If you do not sell your shares:				
Class C	\$127	\$401	\$695	\$1,533

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual Fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 42.72% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

The Fund normally invests at least 80% of its net assets in income-producing floating interest rate corporate loans and corporate debt securities made to or issued by U.S. companies, non-U.S. entities and U.S. subsidiaries of non-U.S. entities. Floating interest rates vary with and are periodically adjusted to a generally recognized base interest rate such as the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) or the Prime Rate. The Fund may invest in companies whose financial condition is troubled or uncertain and that may be involved in bankruptcy proceedings, reorganizations or financial restructurings.

Floating interest rate corporate loans and debt securities, also called bank loans or senior floating rate interests, generally have credit ratings below investment grade and may be subject to restrictions on resale. The Fund invests at least 75% of its net assets in corporate loans and corporate debt securities that are rated B or higher at the time of purchase by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization (NRSRO) or, if unrated, are determined to be of comparable quality by the Fund's investment manager. The Fund may invest up to 25% of its net assets in corporate loans and corporate debt securities that are rated below B by an NRSRO or, if unrated, are determined to be of comparable quality by the investment manager.

The Fund's floating rate investments will typically hold the most senior position in the capitalization structure of the company and be secured by specific collateral. Such senior position means that, in case the company

becomes insolvent, the lenders or securityholders in a senior position like the Fund will typically be paid before other creditors of the corporation from the assets of the company.

The Fund typically invests in a corporate loan or corporate debt security if the investment manager judges that the borrower can meet the scheduled payments on the obligation. The investment manager performs its own independent credit analysis of each borrower and of the collateral structure securing the Fund's investment. The investment manager also will consider the nature of the industry in which the borrower operates, the nature of the borrower's assets, and the general quality and creditworthiness of the borrower.

Some covenant lite loans may be in the market from time to time which tend to have fewer or no financial maintenance covenants and restrictions. A covenant lite loan typically contains fewer clauses which allow an investor to monitor the performance of a company. Covenant lite loans also generally provide fewer investor protections if certain criteria are breached. The Fund may experience losses or delays in enforcing its rights on its holdings of covenant lite loans.

The Fund currently limits its investments in debt obligations of non-U.S. entities to no more than 25% of its total assets. The Fund currently invests predominately in loans or securities that are U.S. dollar-denominated or otherwise provide for payment in U.S. dollars.

The Fund currently does not intend to invest more than 25% of its net assets in the obligations of borrowers in any single industry, except that, under normal market conditions, the Fund invests more than 25% of its net assets in debt obligations of companies operating in the industry group consisting of financial institutions and their holding companies, including commercial banks, thrift institutions, insurance companies and finance companies. These firms, or agent banks, may serve as administrators of these corporate loans issued by other companies. For purposes of this restriction, the Fund currently considers such companies to include the borrower, the agent bank and any intermediate participant. The Fund may invest up to 100% of its total assets in loans where firms in such industry group are borrowers, agent banks or intermediate participants.

In addition to the Fund's main investments, the Fund may invest up to 20% of its net assets in certain other types of debt obligations or securities, including secured or unsecured corporate loans and corporate debt

securities, and fixed rate obligations of U.S. companies, non-U.S. entities and U.S. subsidiaries of non-U.S. entities.

Principal Risks

You could lose money by investing in the Fund. Mutual fund shares are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank, and are not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Federal Reserve Board, or any other agency of the U.S. government.

Credit An issuer of debt securities may fail to make interest payments and repay principal when due, in whole or in part. Changes in an issuer's financial strength or in a security's credit rating may affect a security's value.

Floating Rate Corporate Investments The floating rate corporate loans and corporate debt securities in which the Fund invests generally have credit ratings below investment grade and may be subject to resale restrictions. Additionally, they are often issued in connection with highly leveraged transactions. Such transactions include leveraged buyout loans, leveraged recapitalization loans, and other types of acquisition financing. Leveraged buyout loans are subject to greater credit risks than other investments including a greater possibility that the borrower may default or enter bankruptcy. A significant portion of floating rate corporate investments may be "covenant lite" loans that may contain fewer or less restrictive constraints on the borrower or other borrower-friendly characteristics. Covenant lite loans may hinder the Fund's ability to monitor the performance of the borrower and to protect the value of Fund's investment in the event of the borrower's financial difficulties.

Covenant Lite Loans and Debt Securities In the event of a breach of a covenant in non-covenant lite loans or debt securities, lenders may have the ability to obtain concessions from the borrowers in exchange for a waiver or amendment of covenants. In contrast, covenant lite loans do not necessarily offer the same ability to obtain additional concessions from borrowers. This risk is offset to varying degrees by the fact that the same financial and performance information is available with or without covenants to lenders and the public alike and can be used to detect such early warning signs as deterioration of a borrower's financial condition or results. With such information, the portfolio managers are normally able to take appropriate action without the help of covenants in the loan agreements or debt securities. Covenant lite corporate loans and

debt securities, however, may foster a capital structure designed to avoid defaults by giving borrowers or issuers increased financial flexibility when they need it the most.

High-Yield Debt Securities Issuers of lower-rated or "high-yield" debt securities (also called "junk bonds") are not as strong financially as those issuing higher credit quality debt securities. High-yield debt securities are generally considered predominantly speculative by the applicable rating agencies as their issuers are more likely to encounter financial difficulties and are more vulnerable to changes in the relevant economy, such as a recession or a sustained period of rising interest rates, that could affect their ability to make interest and principal payments when due. The prices of high-yield debt securities generally fluctuate more than those of higher credit quality. High-yield debt securities are generally more illiquid (harder to sell) and harder to value.

Liquidity From time to time, the trading market for a particular security or type of security in which the Fund invests may become less liquid or even illiquid. Reduced liquidity will have an adverse impact on the Fund's ability to sell such securities when necessary to meet the Fund's liquidity needs or in response to a specific economic event and will also generally lower the value of a security. Market prices for such securities may be volatile.

Impairment of Collateral The value of collateral securing a loan or other corporate debt security may decline after the Fund invests and there is a risk that the value of the collateral may not be sufficient to cover the amount owed to the Fund, or the collateral securing a loan may be found invalid, may be used to pay other outstanding obligations of the borrower under applicable law or may be difficult to sell.

Market The market values of securities owned by the Fund will go up or down, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. A security's market value may be reduced by market activity or other results of supply and demand unrelated to the issuer. This is a basic risk associated with all securities. When there are more sellers than buyers, prices tend to fall. Likewise, when there are more buyers than sellers, prices tend to rise.

Prepayment Prepayment risk occurs when a debt security can be repaid in whole or in part prior to the security's maturity and the Fund must reinvest the proceeds it receives, during periods of declining interest rates, in securities that pay a lower rate of interest.

Foreign Securities Investing in foreign securities typically involves more risks than investing in U.S. securities, including risks related to currency exchange rates and policies, country or government specific issues, less favorable trading practices or regulation and greater price volatility. Certain of these risks also may apply to securities of U.S. companies with significant foreign operations. The risks of investing in foreign securities are typically greater in less developed or emerging market countries.

Interest Rate When interest rates rise, debt security prices generally fall. The opposite is also generally true: debt security prices rise when interest rates fall. In general, securities with longer maturities are more sensitive to these interest rate changes.

Variable Rate Securities Because changes in interest rates on variable rate securities (including floating rate securities) may lag behind changes in market rates, the value of such securities may decline during periods of rising interest rates until their interest rates reset to market rates. If the changes in market rates are substantial, the interest rate on a variable rate security may not reset during a single adjustment period. Lifetime limits on resets may also prevent their rates from adjusting to market rates.

During periods of declining interest rates, because the interest rates on variable rate securities generally reset downward, their market value is unlikely to rise to the same extent as the value of comparable fixed rate securities.

Income Because the Fund can only distribute what it earns, the Fund's distributions to shareholders may decline when prevailing interest rates fall or when the Fund experiences defaults on debt securities it holds.

Management The Fund is subject to management risk because it is an actively managed investment portfolio. The Fund's investment manager applies investment techniques and risk analyses in making investment decisions for the Fund, but there can be no guarantee that these decisions will produce the desired results.

Performance

The following bar chart and table provide some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows changes in the Fund's performance from year to year for Class A shares. The table shows how the Fund's average annual returns for 1 year, 5 years, 10 years or since inception, as applicable, compared with those of a broad measure of

For the periods ended December 31, 2013

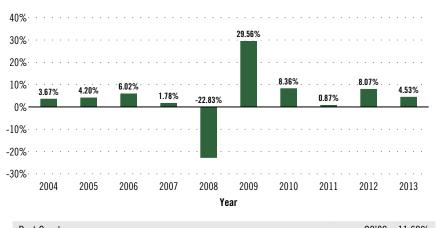
13.51%

6.15%

market performance. The Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. You can obtain updated performance information at franklintempleton. com or by calling (800) DIAL BEN/342-5236.

Sales charges are not reflected in the bar chart, and if those charges were included, returns would be less than those shown.

CLASS A ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS



Best Quarter:	Q2'09 11.68%	
Worst Quarter:	Q4'08 -18.90%	

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS

(figures reflect sales charges)

1 Year 5 Years 10 Years Franklin Floating Rate Daily Access Fund - Class A Return Before Taxes 2.18% 9.36% 3.47% Return After Taxes on Distributions 0.62% 7.77% 1.82% Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares 1.22% 6.74% 2.04% Franklin Floating Rate Daily Access Fund - Class C 3.12% 9.42% 3.30% Franklin Floating Rate Daily Access Fund - Advisor Class 4.80% 10.13% 3.96% Credit Suisse Leveraged Loan Index (index reflects no deduction for

Performance information for Class R6 shares is not shown because this class did not have a full calendar year of operations as of the date of this prospectus.

fees, expenses or taxes)

5.06%

The after-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold their Fund shares through tax-deferred arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. After-tax returns are shown only for Class A and after-tax returns for other classes will vary.

Investment Manager

Franklin Advisers, Inc. (Advisers)

Portfolio Managers

RICHARD S. HSU, CFA

Vice President of Advisers and portfolio manager of the Fund since inception (2001).

MADELINE LAM

Vice President of Advisers and portfolio manager of the Fund since inception (2001).

JUSTIN MA. CFA

Portfolio Manager of Advisers and portfolio manager of the Fund since 2013.

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

You may purchase or redeem shares of the Fund on any business day online through our website at franklintempleton.com, by mail (Franklin Templeton Investor Services, P.O. Box 997151, Sacramento, CA 95899-7151), or by telephone at (800) 632-2301. For Class A and C, the minimum initial purchase for most accounts is \$1,000 (or \$50 under an automatic investment plan). Class R6 and Advisor Class are only available to certain qualified investors and the minimum initial investment will vary depending on the type of qualified investor, as described under "Your Account — Choosing a Share Class — Qualified Investors — Class R6" and "— Advisor Class" in the Fund's prospectus.

Taxes

The Fund's distributions are generally taxable to you as ordinary income, unless you are investing through a tax-deferred arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or an individual retirement account, in which case your distributions would generally be taxed when withdrawn from the tax-deferred account.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your financial advisor or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.



Franklin Templeton Distributors, Inc. One Franklin Parkway San Mateo, CA 94403-1906 franklintempleton.com Franklin Floating Rate Daily Access Fund

🗘 10% Total Recycled Fiber

Investment Company Act file #811-04986