

Franklin Federal Tax-Free Income Fund

Advisor Class: FAFTX Class A: FFQAX

Commentary | as of March 31, 2025

Key Takeaways

- Markets: The municipal (muni) bond market, as measured by the Bloomberg Municipal Bond Index, posted a slightly
 negative result for the first quarter of 2025 (Q1). January and February saw positive returns supported by healthy inflows
 of funds and steady demand, while returns posted in March reversed those gains.
- Detractors: Overweight allocation to muni bonds with 20 or more years to maturity, security selection in BBB rated bonds and security selection in AA rated bonds.
- Contributors: Overweight allocation to muni bonds with no external credit rating, overweight allocation to BBB rated bonds and underweight allocation to muni bonds with 10 years to maturity.
- Outlook: Potential policy changes under US President Donald Trump's administration, such as the possible elimination
 of tax exemptions for certain bonds and the cancellation of federal leases, are adding uncertainty to the muni market
 outlook, alongside broader concerns about how federal decisions may impact local economies.

Performance Review

- Over the quarter, Franklin Federal Tax-Free Income Fund fared worse than its benchmark, the Bloomberg Municipal Bond Index.
- The fund's yield curve positioning detracted from relative performance during the quarter, primarily driven by our overweight
 to muni bonds with 20 or more years to maturity and underweight to muni bonds with two years to maturity. However, this
 was partially offset by our underweight to muni bonds with 10 years to maturity, which limited some of the losses.
- Rating allocations benefited relative returns for the period, led by our overweights to bonds with no external credit rating and BBB rated bonds, along with our underweight to AA rated bonds. Security selection detracted from relative results, particularly due to selection in BBB, AA and AAA rated securities.

Outlook

- There was a significant swing in market sentiment across Q1 as participants digested the first few months of the new Trump
 administration. January saw positive excess returns across a number of sectors as market sentiment moved higher in
 anticipation of new business friendly initiatives. This was replaced by a negative shift in risk appetite during February and
 March as unclear tariff policies became the market's focus. Throughout the quarter, investment-grade munis
 underperformed US Treasuries. Despite modest outflows in March, muni funds overall benefited from steady inflows earlier in
 the quarter.
- Muni credit fundamentals remain broadly stable, with signs of improvement even in sectors that struggled post-pandemic, though revenue growth is moderating, and economic tailwinds are slowing. High reserves and fiscal flexibility continue to support most issuers, and credit ratings are expected to remain steady over the next six months, though sector-specific challenges persist.
- Potential policy changes under the Trump administration, such as the possible elimination of tax exemptions for certain bonds and the cancellation of federal leases, are adding uncertainty to the muni market outlook, alongside broader concerns about how federal decisions may impact local economies. At the same time, US consumer sentiment is softening, and overall uncertainty around the economic growth outlook has increased in response to the administration's proposed reforms and policy direction.

Fund Characteristics	Fund		
Distribution Frequency	Monthly		
Effective Duration	7.92 Years		
30-Day SEC Yield (Advisor Class)—With Waiver	3.81%		
30-Day SEC Yield (Advisor Class)—Without Waiver	3.81%		
Taxable Equivalent Yield (Advisor Class)—With Waiver	6.44%		
Taxable Equivalent Yield (Advisor Class)— Without Waiver	6.44%		

State / U.S. Territory Allocation (% of Total)

State	Fund
Texas	10.65
Florida	9.45
New York	8.58
California	8.46
Illinois	5.55
Wisconsin	4.70
Georgia	3.78
Tennessee	3.76
Other	45.31
Cash & Cash Equivalents	-0.22

Average annual total returns and fund expenses (%)

			Without Sales Charge							With Maximum Sales Charge								ses	Sales Charges		Inception
Class	CUSIP	Ticker	3-Mo	YTD	1-Yr	3-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	Inception	3-Mo	YTD	1-Yr	3-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	Inception	Gross	Net	Initial Charge CDS	С	Date
Advisor Class	353519408	FAFTX	-0.76	-0.76	1.97	1.33	1.12	1.87	5.67	-0.76	-0.76	1.97	1.33	1.12	1.87	5.67	0.54	0.54	_	_	10/7/1983
Class A	353519804	FFQAX	-0.73	-0.73	1.72	1.11	0.88	1.67	5.57	-4.45	-4.45	-2.09	-0.17	0.12	1.28	5.47	0.79	0.79	3.75	_	10/7/1983
Benchmark	_	_	-0.22	-0.22	1.22	1.53	1.07	2.13	_	-0.22	-0.22	1.22	1.53	1.07	2.13	_	_	_	_	_	_

Benchmark(s)

Benchmark = Bloomberg Municipal Bond Index

Performance data quoted represents past performance, which does not guarantee future results. Current performance may be lower or higher than the figures shown. Principal value and investment returns will fluctuate, and investors' shares, when redeemed, may be worth more or less than the original cost. Performance would have been lower if fees had not been waived in various periods. Total returns assume the reinvestment of all distributions and the deduction of all fund expenses. Returns with sales charge reflect a deduction of the stated maximum sales charge. An investor cannot invest directly in an index, and unmanaged index returns do not reflect any fees, expenses or sales charges. Returns for periods of less than one year are not annualized. All classes of shares may not be available to all investors or through all distribution channels. For current month-end performance, please visit franklintempleton.com.

The fund began offering Advisor Class shares on 3/20/2002. Performance quotations have been calculated as follows: (a) for Advisor Class periods prior to 3/20/2002, a restated figure is used based on the fund's Class Al performance. The performance was adjusted to take into account differences in class-specific operating expenses and maximum sales charges. (b) For periods after share class offering, performance for the specific share class is used, reflecting the expenses and maximum sales charges applicable to that class.

The total annual operating expenses are as of the fund's prospectus available at the time of publication. Actual expenses may be higher and may impact portfolio returns.

What are the Risks?

All investments involve risks, including possible loss of principal. Fixed income securities involve interest rate, credit, inflation and reinvestment risks, and possible loss of principal. As interest rates rise, the value of fixed income securities falls. Changes in the credit rating of a bond, or in the credit rating or financial strength of a bond's issuer, insurer or guarantor, may affect the bond's value. An investor may be subject to the federal Alternative Minimum Tax, and state and local taxes may apply. These and other risks are discussed in the fund's prospectus.

Glossarv

The **yield curve** shows the relationship between yields and maturity dates for a similar class of bonds.

Important Information

The information provided is not a complete analysis of every material fact regarding any country, market, industry, security or fund. Because market and economic conditions are subject to change, comments, opinions and analyses are rendered as of the date of this material and may change without notice. A portfolio manager's assessment of a particular security, investment or strategy is not intended as individual investment advice or a recommendation or solicitation to buy, sell or hold any security or to adopt any investment strategy; it is intended only to provide insight into the fund's portfolio selection process. Holdings are subject to change.

The Bloomberg Municipal Bond Index is a broad measure of the municipal bond market with maturities of at least one year. Source: Bloomberg Indices.

Important data provider notices and terms available at www.franklintempletondatasources.com. All data is subject to change.

Effective Duration is a duration calculation for bonds with embedded options. Effective duration takes into account that expected cash flows will fluctuate as interest rates change. Duration measures the sensitivity of price (the value of principal) of a fixed-income investment to a change in interest rates. The higher the duration number, the more sensitive a fixed-income investment will be to interest rate changes. The **30-day SEC yield** is calculated using the net income (interest and dividends) per share earned over a trailing 30-day period (annualized), divided by the fund's share price at the end of that period. It may not equal the fund's actual income distribution rate, which reflects the fund's past dividends paid to shareholders.

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Before investing, carefully consider a fund's investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses. You can find this and other information in each prospectus, or summary prospectus, if available, at www.franklintempleton.com. Please read it carefully.

