# Templeton International Climate Change SMA



Separately Managed Accounts | Fact Sheet as of March 31, 2025

#### Investment overview

The Templeton International Climate Change SMA seeks to contribute towards climate change mitigation and adaptation, while seeking capital appreciation, by investing in equity securities of companies that provide solutions for the mitigation and/or adaptation for climate change risk or which are in the process of making their business models more resilient to long-term risks presented by climate change and resource depletion.

# Investment philosophy

We believe mitigating climate change is one of the key challenges facing humanity. This will impact all industries globally, requiring significant investment and adaptation, establishing new winners and losers, and creating opportunities beyond just environmental sectors. For these reasons, we believe an effective climate change strategy should invest across the entire universe of opportunities, including:

- **Solutions:** Companies with majority of revenues from products and services that reduce emissions, improve resource efficiency, and/or protect against the physical consequences of climate change. Solutions represent >50% of the strategy assets and are generally associated with one of the following themes: renewable energy, energy efficiency, sustainable transportation, water & waste management, and sustainable forestry and agriculture.
- Resilient: Companies with relatively low carbon and resource intensity and solutions offerings representing
   50% of revenues.
- Transitioning: Companies with moderate to high emissions or resource intensity that are transitioning to Solutions or Resilient.

## **Investment management team**

Craig Cameron, CFA Portfolio Manager Industry since 2010

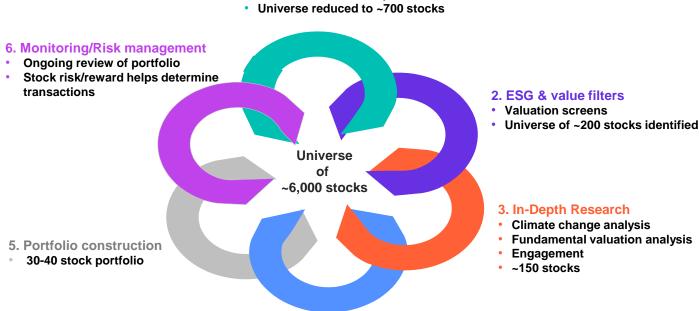
Tina Sadler, CFA Portfolio Manager Industry since 1996

Herbert J. Arnett Jr. Portfolio Manager Industry since 1994

# **Investment process**

# 1. Investment universe

- Proprietary climate screen, ~4,000 stocks
- Exclusions, ~200 companies



4. Team evaluation

- · High conviction ideas identified
- Buy/hold list of ~100 stocks

The investment process may change over time. The characteristics set forth above are intended as a general illustration of some of the criteria the strategy team considers in selecting securities for client portfolios. There is no guarantee that investment objectives will be achieved.

# Top Ten Equity Holdings (%)

	Portfolio
ING GROEP NV	6.39
STANDARD CHARTERED PLC	5.36
CNH INDUSTRIAL NV	5.33
CIE DE SAINT-GOBAIN SA	5.30
SSE PLC	4.90
VEOLIA ENVIRONNEMENT SA	4.71
LLOYDS BANKING GROUP PLC	4.33
ORSTED AS	4.25
SMURFIT WESTROCK PLC	4.23
NORSK HYDRO ASA	4.10
Total	48.89

# Sector Weightings (%)

	Portfolio	BM
Industrials	23.28	13.94
Financials	19.15	24.87
Utilities	16.94	3.12
Information Technology	11.36	12.21
Materials	10.98	6.30
Consumer Discretionary	6.40	11.03
Health Care	5.90	8.65
Consumer Staples	0.00	6.94
Communication Services	0.00	6.23
Energy	0.00	5.02
Real Estate	0.00	1.68
Cash & Other Net Assets	5.97	0.00

# Top Country (%)

	Portfolio	BM
United Kingdom	22.59	9.57
France	18.36	7.28
Germany	8.52	6.33
Netherlands	8.44	2.78
Denmark	7.88	1.51
Cash & Cash Equivalents	5.97	0.00
Switzerland	4.71	6.31
Ireland	4.24	0.20
Norway	4.06	0.42
Taiwan	3.91	4.92
Total	88.69	39.31

# Market Capitalization (%)

	Portfolio
<10.0 Billion	8.88
10.0-25.0 Billion	33.91
25.0-50.0 Billion	31.94
50.0-100.0 Billion	11.45
100.0-200.0 Billion	6.75
>200.0 Billion	7.07

#### **Characteristics**

	Portfolio	BM
Price to Earnings (12-Month Trailing)	14.43x	15.66x
Price to Cash Flow	10.76x	14.48x
Price to Book	2.32x	3.35x
Dividend Yield	2.67%	2.89%
Weighted Average Market Capitalization (Millions USD)	\$78,377	\$107,559

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>‡</sup> Source: Franklin Templeton. Portfolio characteristics and sector weightings are based on representative accounts within the composite. Portfolio characteristics and sector weightings of individual client portfolios in the program may differ, sometimes significantly, from those shown above. Assumes no client-imposed restrictions. This information does not constitute, and should not be construed as, investment advice or recommendations with respect to the sectors listed and should not be used as a sole basis to make any investment decisions.

#### **Performance**

### Annualized Rates of Return - Pure Gross and Net of Fees (%) as of March 31, 2025 - PRELIMINARY - (Inception date: 07/31/2018)

	Si				Since		
	YTD*	1 Mth*	3 Mths*	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year	Incept
Templeton International Climate Change SMA-Pure Gross of Fees—(USD)	4.30	-1.04	4.30	0.51	4.11	13.92	7.14
Templeton International Climate Change SMA-Net of Fees—(USD)	3.54	-1.28	3.54	-2.43	1.07	10.62	4.02
MSCI All Country World ex-US Index-NR—(USD)	5.23	-0.23	5.23	6.09	4.48	10.92	4.74

#### Calendar-Year Total Returns - Pure Gross and Net of Fees (%) ending December 31

	YTD	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Templeton Intl Climate Change–Pure Gross of Fees—(USD)	4.30	-1.46	21.30	-18.22	4.67	35.54	26.42
Templeton Intl Climate Change–Net of Fees—(USD)	3.54	-4.34	17.81	-20.65	1.62	31.67	22.80
MSCI All Country World ex-US Index-NR—(USD)	5.23	5.53	15.62	-16.00	7.82	10.65	21.51

The strategy returns shown are preliminary composite returns, subject to future revision (downward or upward). Past performance is not a guarantee of future results. An investment in this strategy can lose value. Please visit www.franklintempleton.com for the latest performance figures. Investors cannot invest directly in an index, and unmanaged index returns do not reflect any fees, expenses or sales charges.

¹ Fees: Periods less than one year are not annualized. Performance results are for the composite which includes all actual, fully discretionary accounts with substantially similar investment policies and objectives managed to the composite's investment strategy. Composite returns are stated in U.S. dollars and assume reinvestment of any dividends, interest income, capital gains, or other earnings. The composite may include account(s) that are gross of fees and pure gross of fees. "Pure" gross-of-fee returns do not reflect the deduction of any expenses, including transaction costs. A traditional (or "true") gross-of-fee return reflects performance after the reduction of transaction costs but before the reduction of the investment advisory fee. The gross-of-fee return may include a blend of "true" gross-of-fee returns for non-wrap accounts and "pure" gross-of-fee returns for wrap accounts. Net-of-fee returns for wrap accounts and "pure" gross-of-fee returns for wrap accounts. Net-of-fee returns for model wrap fee for equity and balanced portfolios) which includes trading expenses as well as investment management, administrative and custodial fees. The model wrap fee used represents the highest anticipated wrap fee applicable to the strategy. Actual fees and account minimums may vary.

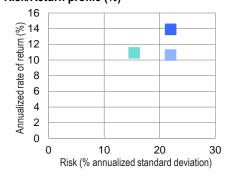
For fee schedules, contact your financial professional, or if you enter into an agreement directly with Franklin Templeton Private Portfolio Group, LLC ("FTPPG"), refer to FTPPG's Form ADV

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See last page for Additional Performance Calculation Information.

### Performance Statistics 1 Preliminary (based on 5-year period ending March 31, 2025)

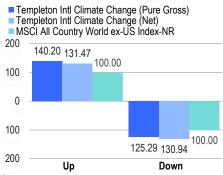
#### Risk/Return profile (%)



# ■ Templeton Intl Climate Change (Pure Gross) Annualized Return (%) 13.92 Annualized Standard Deviation (%) 21.96 ■ Templeton Intl Climate Change (Net) Annualized Return (%) 10.62 Annualized Standard Deviation (%) 21.96 ■ MSCI All Country World ex-US Index-NR Annualized Return (%) 10.92 Annualized Standard Deviation (%) 15.40

#### Growth of \$100,000\* \$165,640 250K 200K 150K 100K 50K 0K 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 Templeton Intl Climate Change (Pure Gross) Templeton Intl Climate Change (Net) MSCI All Country World ex-US Index-NR

#### Up/Down market capture ratios (%)



#### Modern portfolio statistics

	Portfolio (Pure gross)	Portfolio (Net)	ВМ
Sharpe Ratio	0.58	0.45	0.58
Beta	1.33	1.33	N/A
Alpha (%)	0.91	-2.04	N/A
R-Squared	0.87	0.87	N/A

	(+) Months	(-) Months
Pure Gross:	35	25
Net:	35	25

Performance results are for the composite which includes all actual, fully discretionary accounts with substantially similar investment policies and objectives managed to the composite's investment strategy. Composite returns are stated in U.S. dollars and assume reinvestment of any dividends, interest income, capital gains, or other earnings. The composite may include account(s) that are gross of fees and pure gross of fees. "Pure" gross-of-fee returns do not reflect the deduction of any expenses, including transaction costs. A traditional (or "true") gross-of-fee return reflects performance after the reduction of transaction costs but before the reduction of the investment advisory fee. The gross-of-fee return may include a blend of "true" gross-of-fee returns for non-wrap accounts and "pure" gross-of-fee returns for wrap accounts. Net-of-fee returns is reduced by a model "wrap fee" (3.0% is the maximum anticipated wrap fee for equity and balanced portfolios) which includes trading expenses as well as investment management, administrative and custodial fees. The model wrap fee used represents the highest anticipated wrap fee applicable to the strategy. Actual fees and account minimums may vary.

Source: Franklin Templeton.

<sup>\*</sup>For illustrative purposes only. Assumes no withdrawals or contributions. These statistics are based on pure gross and net-of-fees quarterly composite returns, were calculated assuming reinvestment of dividends and income, and take into account both realized and unrealized capital gains and losses.

#### **Terms and definitions:**

**Dividend yield** is determined by dividing a stock's annual dividends per share by the current market price per share. Dividend yield is a financial ratio that shows how much a company pays out in dividends.

**P/E (Year 1)** is the previous day's closing price of the stock divided by the consensus earnings per share (EPS) of fiscal year 1 (FY1) provided by I/B/E/S. Forecasts are inherently limited and should not be relied upon as indicators of future performance.

The **price-to-book ratio** (**P/B**) is a stock's price divided by the stock's per share book value. Earnings per share (EPS) is the portion of a company's profit allocated to each outstanding share of a common stock.

Weighted median market capitalization represents the value at which half the portfolio's market capitalization weight falls above, and half falls below.

Weighted average market capitalization represents the average value of the companies held in the portfolio. When that figure is weighted, the impact of each company's capitalization on the overall average is proportional to the total market value of its shares.

**Market capitalization** measures the number of outstanding common shares of a given corporation multiplied by the latest price per share.

**Standard deviation** measures the risk or volatility of an investment's return over a particular time period; the greater the number, the greater the risk.

The **up-capture ratio** measures the manager's overall performance to the benchmark's overall performance, considering only quarters that are positive in the benchmark. An upcapture ratio of more than 100 indicates a manager who outperforms the relative benchmark in the benchmark's positive quarters.

The **down-capture ratio** is the ratio of the manager's overall performance to the benchmark's overall performance, considering only quarters that are negative in the benchmark. A down-capture ratio of less than 100 indicates a manager who outperforms the relative benchmark in the benchmark's negative quarters and protects more of a portfolio's value during down markets.

**Alpha** is a measure of performance vs. a benchmark on a risk-adjusted basis. A positive alpha of 1.0 means the portfolio has outperformed its benchmark index by 1%. Correspondingly, a similar negative alpha would indicate an underperformance of 1%. Alpha is a measure of the difference between actual returns and expected performance measuring sensitivity to index movements.

**Beta** measures the sensitivity of an investment to the movement of its benchmark. A beta higher than 1.0 indicates the investment has been more volatile than the benchmark and a beta of less than 1.0 indicates that the investment has been less volatile than the benchmark.

**Sharpe ratio** is a risk-adjusted measure, calculated using standard deviation and excess return to determine reward per unit of risk. The higher the Sharpe ratio, the better a portfolio's historical risk-adjusted performance.

**R-squared** measures the strength of the linear relationship between a fund and its benchmark. R-squared at 1.00 implies perfect linear relationship and zero implies no relationship exists.

#### **Additional Performance Calculation Information**

Beginning August 2021, the composite includes only SMA portfolios that are managed in accordance with the Templeton's strategy. Prior to August 2021, performance results were calculated using Templeton International Climate Change Composite which was comprised of institutional accounts. Net total returns were calculated by reducing the institutional gross-of fees performance by the highest bundle fee of 3%. Templeton follows substantially the same investment philosophy, strategies and processes in managing Templeton SMA portfolios that it does in managing institutional Templeton portfolios. The performance of Templeton International Climate Change SMA Composite may vary from the performance of the institutional Templeton International Climate Change composite, especially over shorter time periods and during periods of extraordinary market conditions.

#### What are the risks?

All investments involve risks, including possible loss of principal. Depository receipts are subject to international investment risk and potentially negative effects from currency exchange rates, foreign taxation and differences in auditing and other financial standards. International investments are subject to special risks, including currency fluctuations and social, economic and political uncertainties, which could increase volatility. These risks are magnified in emerging markets. Equity securities are subject to price fluctuation and possible loss of principal. To the extent the portfolio invests in a concentration of certain securities, regions or industries, it is subject to increased volatility. Liquidity risk exists when securities or other investments become more difficult to sell, or are unable to be sold, at the price at which they have been valued. Active management does not ensure gains or protect against market declines. The portfolio is non-diversified and may invest in a relatively small number of issuers, which may negatively impact the performance and result in greater fluctuation in value. Small- and mid-cap stocks involve greater risks and volatility than large-cap stocks. The investment style may become out of favor, which may have a negative impact on performance. The manager may consider environmental, social and governance (ESG) criteria in the research or investment process; however, ESG considerations may not be a determinative factor in security selection. In addition, the manager may not assess every investment for ESG criteria, and not every ESG factor may be identified or evaluated.

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