Templeton International ADR Equity SMA Constraints FRANKLIN TEMPLETON

Separately Managed Accounts | Fact Sheet as of June 30, 2025

Investment overview

The Templeton Global ADR Equity invests in non-U.S. stocks with a market capitalization generally of \$1 billion or greater at time of purchase. Industry weights are limited to approximately 20% of the total portfolio, and emerging markets typically range from 10 to 20%, with approximately 30% maximum. Accounts may invest in foreign securities only through American Depositary Receipts (ADRs).

Investment philosophy

Compound value:

- We believe a forward-looking and price-disciplined approach to investing that focuses on company fundamentals as the driver of value creation will generate superior returns for clients over the long term.
- · Compound value is a broad interpretation of value that balances forward-looking and price discipline.

Forward-looking

Willing to predict change

Price-disciplined

· Drives risk and return

Independent-minded

· Contrarian when warranted

Fundamental

Return on invested capital drives value

Long-term

• Allow time for value to emerge

Investment process

Industry perspective Sustainability of growth and profitability given cyclical and structural changes	 History Ecosystem Industry life cycle Cyclicality and sensitivities Profit pools Market share analysis Supply dynamics Disruption Regulation ESG
Company analysis Sustainability of the business model and number of pathways to value creation	 Industry position Business model Competitive advantage(s) Reinvestment opportunities Management's effectiveness Adaptability Headwinds/Tailwinds ESG
Financial modelling Clarity of the investment case and conviction in long term forecasts	 Revenue forecast Operating scale & efficiency Financial position & cost of capital Cash generation and use of cash Return on incremental invested capital
Continuous review Stability and conviction of the investment case	 Progression on key investment factors Ongoing discussion with management and industry constituents Changes to industry structure

Investment management team

Heather Waddell, CFA Executive Vice President Portfolio Manager, Research Analyst Industry since 1995

Matthew Nagle, CFA Executive Vice President Portfolio Manager, Research Analyst Industry since 1999

Peter Nori, CFA

Executive Vice President Portfolio Manager, Research Analyst Industry since 1987

The investment process may change over time. The characteristics set forth above are intended as a general illustration of some of the criteria the strategy team considers in selecting securities for client portfolios. There is no guarantee that investment objectives will be achieved.

Portfolio Information[‡]

As of June 30, 2025

Top Ten Equity Holdings (%)

	Portfolio
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co., Ltd. Sponsored ADR	4.34
Deutsche Telekom AG Sponsored ADR	3.74
ING Groep NV Sponsored ADR	3.58
Royal Bank of Canada	3.43
CRH public limited company	2.98
Mizuho Financial Group Inc Sponsored ADR	2.92
Mitsubishi Electric Corp. Unsponsored ADR	2.90
Shell Plc Sponsored ADR	2.85
Standard Chartered PLC Unsponsored ADR	2.83
BP PLC Sponsored ADR	2.73
Total	32.31

Sector Weightings (%)

	Portfolio	BM
Financials	25.09	25.13
Industrials	17.54	14.81
Information Technology	11.78	13.27
Health Care	9.44	8.00
Materials	8.04	6.20
Energy	6.98	4.57
Consumer Discretionary	6.21	10.14
Communication Services	4.91	6.38
Utilities	4.44	3.17
Consumer Staples	1.79	6.65
Real Estate	0.00	1.68
Cash & Other Net Assets	3.77	0.00

Top Country (%)

	Portfolio	BM
United Kingdom	23.47	9.18
Germany	13.99	6.52
Japan	11.21	13.66
France	9.50	6.97
Netherlands	6.55	2.97
Ireland	6.27	0.29
Canada	6.15	8.05
Taiwan	4.34	5.53
Cash & Cash Equivalents	3.77	0.00
Switzerland	3.30	5.99
Total	88.55	59.16

Market Capitalization (%)

	Portfolio
<10.0 Billion	7.00
10.0-25.0 Billion	15.37
25.0-50.0 Billion	13.24
50.0-100.0 Billion	35.20
100.0-200.0 Billion	11.97
>200.0 Billion	17.22

Characteristics

	Portfolio	BM
Price to Earnings (12-Month Trailing)	17.29x	16.12x
Price to Cash Flow	8.51x	15.31x
Price to Book	1.84x	3.42x
Dividend Yield	2.27%	2.81%
Weighted Average Market Capitalization (Millions USD)	\$135,848	\$120,278

[‡] Source: Franklin Templeton. Portfolio characteristics are based on a model portfolio, not an actual client account. The model portfolio is a hypothetical portfolio whereby the portfolio characteristics are based on simulated trading and account activity of a client account invested in this strategy. The model portfolio assumes no withdrawals, contributions, or client-imposed restrictions. Portfolio characteristics of individual client accounts may differ from those of the model portfolio as a result of account size, client-imposed restrictions, the timing of client investments, market conditions, contributions, withdrawals and other factors.

Performance

Annualized Rates of Return - Pure Gross and Net of Fees (%) as of June 30, 2025 - PRELIMINARY - (Inception date: 11/30/1999)

									Onioc
	YTD*	1 Mth*	3 Mths*	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year	10 Year	20 Year	Incept
Templeton International ADR Equity SMA–Pure Gross of Fees—(USD)	16.61	4.15	9.26	18.26	19.47	13.41	6.03	5.73	5.09
Templeton International ADR Equity SMA–Net of Fees—(USD)	14.94	3.90	8.48	14.86	16.03	10.13	3.54	3.74	3.28
MSCI All Country World ex-US Index-NR—(USD)	17.90	3.39	12.03	17.72	13.99	10.13	6.12	5.83	4.84

Calendar-Year Total Returns – Pure Gross and Net of Fees (%) ending December 31

	YTD	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Templeton Intl ADR Equity–Pure Gross of Fees—(USD)	16.61	12.31	22.12	-9.14	8.47	3.48	16.59	-17.25	22.57	2.22	-2.74
Templeton Intl ADR Equity–Net of Fees—(USD)	14.94	9.06	18.61	-11.82	5.32	0.46	14.90	-18.67	20.07	0.57	-4.12
MSCI All Country World ex-US Index-NR—(USD)	17.90	5.53	15.62	-16.00	7.82	10.65	21.51	-14.20	27.19	4.50	-5.66

The strategy returns shown are preliminary composite returns, subject to future revision (downward or upward). Past performance is not a guarantee of future results. An investment in this strategy can lose value. Please visit www.franklintempleton.com for the latest performance figures. Investors cannot invest directly in an index, and unmanaged index returns do not reflect any fees, expenses or sales charges.

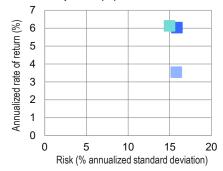
¹ Fees: Periods less than one year are not annualized. Performance results are for the composite which includes all actual, fully discretionary accounts with substantially similar investment policies and objectives managed to the composite investment strategy. Composite returns are stated in U.S. dollars and assume reinvestment of any dividends, interest income, capital gains, or other earnings. The composite may include account(s) that are gross of fees and pure gross of fees. "Pure" gross-of-fee returns do not reflect the deduction of any expenses, including transaction costs. A traditional (or "true") gross-of-fee return reflects performance after the reduction of transaction costs but before the reduction of the investment advisory fee. The gross-of-fee return may include a blend of "true" gross-of-fee returns for non-wrap accounts and "pure" gross-of-fee returns for wrap accounts. Net-of-fee returns is reduced by a model "wrap fee" (3.0% is the maximum anticipated wrap fee for equity and balanced portfolios) which includes trading expenses as well as investment, administrative and custodial fees. The model wrap fee used represents the highest anticipated wrap fee applicable to the strategy. Actual fees and account minimums may vary.

For fee schedules, contact your financial professional, or if you enter into an agreement directly with Franklin Templeton Private Portfolio Group, LLC ("FTPPG"), refer to FTPPG's Form ADV Part 2A disclosure document. Management and performance of individual accounts may vary for reasons that include the existence of different implementation practices and model requirements in different investment programs. To obtain specific information on available products and services or a GIPS® Report, contact your Franklin Templeton separately managed account sales team at (800) DIAL BEN/342-5236. Franklin Templeton claims compliance with the Global Investment Performance Standards (GIPS®). GIPS® is a registered trademark of CFA Institute. CFA Institute does not endorse or promote this organization, nor does it warrant the accuracy or quality of the content contained herein.

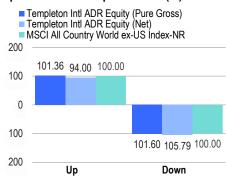
Due to the integration of GIPS firms, predecessor firms may have a different claim of compliance date. Performance presented prior to January 1, 2000, is not in compliance.

Performance Statistics¹ Preliminary (based on 10-year period ending June 30, 2025)

Risk/Return profile (%)



Up/Down market capture ratios (%)



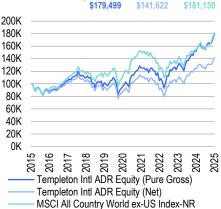
Templeton Intl ADR Equity (Pure Gross) Annualized Return (%) 6.03 Annualized Standard Deviation (%) 15.85 Templeton Intl ADR Equity (Net) Annualized Return (%) 3.54 Annualized Standard Deviation (%) 15.79 MSCI All Country World ex-US Index-NR Annualized Return (%) 6.12 Annualized Standard Deviation (%) 14.98

Modern portfolio statistics

	Portfolio (Pure gross)	Portfolio (Net)	ВМ
Sharpe Ratio	0.32	0.17	0.34
Beta	1.01	1.01	N/A
Alpha (%)	-0.01	-2.35	N/A
R-Squared	0.91	0.91	N/A

	(+) Months	(-) Months
Pure Gross:	71	49
Net:	71	49

Growth of \$100,000*



¹ Source: Franklin Templeton.

*For illustrative purposes only. Assumes no withdrawals or contributions. These statistics are based on pure gross and net-of-fees quarterly composite returns, were calculated assuming reinvestment of dividends and income, and take into account both realized and unrealized capital gains and losses.

Performance results are for the composite which includes all actual, fully discretionary accounts with substantially similar investment policies and objectives managed to the composite's investment strategy. Composite returns are stated in U.S. dollars and assume reinvestment of any dividends, interest income, capital gains, or other earnings. The composite may include account(s) that are gross of fees and pure gross of fees. "Pure" gross-of-fee returns do not reflect the deduction of any expenses, including transaction costs. A traditional (or "true") gross-of-fee return reflects performance after the reduction of transaction costs but before the reduction of the investment advisory fee. The gross-of-fee return may include a blend of "true" gross-of-fee returns for non-wrap accounts and "pure" gross-of-fee returns for wrap accounts. Net-of-fee returns is reduced by a model "wrap fee" (3.0% is the maximum anticipated wrap fee for equity and balanced portfolios) which includes trading expenses as well as investment management, administrative and custodial fees. The model wrap fee used represents the highest anticipated wrap fee applicable to the strategy. Actual fees and account minimums may vary.

Since

Terms and definitions:

Dividend yield is determined by dividing a stock's annual dividends per share by the current market price per share. Dividend yield is a financial ratio that shows how much a company pays out in dividends. **Dividend yield is calculated without the deduction of fees and expenses**.

P/E (Year 1) is the previous day's closing price of the stock divided by the consensus earnings per share (EPS) of fiscal year 1 (FY1) provided by I/B/E/S. Forecasts are inherently limited and should not be relied upon as indicators of future performance.

The **price-to-book ratio** (P/B) is a stock's price divided by the stock's per share book value. Earnings per share (EPS) is the portion of a company's profit allocated to each outstanding share of a common stock.

Weighted median market capitalization represents the value at which half the portfolio's market capitalization weight falls above, and half falls below.

Weighted average market capitalization represents the average value of the companies held in the portfolio. When that figure is weighted, the impact of each company's capitalization on the overall average is proportional to the total market value of its shares.

Market capitalization measures the number of outstanding common shares of a given corporation multiplied by the latest price per share.

Standard deviation measures the risk or volatility of an investment's return over a particular time period; the greater the number, the greater the risk.

The **up-capture ratio** measures the manager's overall performance to the benchmark's overall performance, considering only quarters that are positive in the benchmark. An up-capture ratio of more than 100 indicates a manager who outperforms the relative benchmark in the benchmark's positive quarters.

The **down-capture ratio** is the ratio of the manager's overall performance to the benchmark's overall performance, considering only quarters that are negative in the benchmark. A down-capture ratio of less than 100 indicates a manager who outperforms the relative benchmark in the benchmark's negative quarters and protects more of a portfolio's value during down markets.

Alpha is a measure of performance vs. a benchmark on a risk-adjusted basis. A positive alpha of 1.0 means the portfolio has outperformed its benchmark index by 1%. Correspondingly, a similar negative alpha would indicate an underperformance of 1%. Alpha is a measure of the difference between actual returns and expected performance measuring sensitivity to index movements.

Beta measures the sensitivity of an investment to the movement of its benchmark. A beta higher than 1.0 indicates the investment has been more volatile than the benchmark and a beta of less than 1.0 indicates that the investment has been less volatile than the benchmark.

Sharpe ratio is a risk-adjusted measure, calculated using standard deviation and excess return to determine reward per unit of risk. The higher the Sharpe ratio, the better a portfolio's historical risk-adjusted performance.

R-squared measures the strength of the linear relationship between a portfolio and its benchmark. R-squared at 1.00 implies perfect linear relationship and zero implies no relationship exists.

What are the risks?

All investments involve risks, including possible loss of principal. Depository receipts are subject to international investment risk and potentially negative effects from currency exchange rates, foreign taxation and differences in auditing and other financial standards. International investments are subject to special risks, including currency fluctuations and social, economic and political uncertainties, which could increase volatility. These risks are magnified in emerging markets. Equity securities are subject to price fluctuation and possible loss of principal. To the extent the portfolio invests in a concentration of certain securities, regions or industries, it is subject to increased volatility. Liquidity risk exists when securities or other investments become more difficult to sell, or are unable to be sold, at the price at which they have been valued. Active management does not ensure gains or protect against market declines. The portfolio is non-diversified and may invest in a relatively small number of issuers, which may negatively impact the performance and result in greater fluctuation in value. Small- and mid-cap stocks involve greater risks and volatility than large-cap stocks. The investment style may become out of favor, which may have a negative impact on performance. The manager may consider environmental, social and governance (ESG) criteria in the research or investment process; however, ESG considerations may not be a determinative factor in security selection. In addition, the manager may not assess every investment for ESG criteria, and not every ESG factor may be identified or evaluated.

Any information, statement or opinion set forth herein is general in nature, is not directed to or based on the financial situation or needs of any particular investor, and does not constitute, and should not be construed as, investment advice, forecast of future events, a guarantee of future results, or a recommendation with respect to any particular security or investment strategy or type of retirement account. Investors seeking financial advice regarding the appropriateness of investing in any securities or investment strategies should consult their financial professional.

Separately Managed Accounts (SMAs) are investment services provided by Franklin Templeton Private Portfolio Group, LLC (FTPPG), a federally registered investment advisor. Client portfolios are managed based on investment instructions or advice provided by affiliated subadvisors of Franklin Templeton. Management is implemented by FTPPG, the designated subadvisor or, in the case of certain programs, the program sponsor or its designee.

These materials are being provided for illustrative and informational purposes only. The information contained herein is obtained from multiple sources that are believed to be reliable. However, such information has not been verified and may be different from the information included in documents and materials created by the sponsor firm in whose investment program a client participates. Some sponsor firms may require that these materials be preceded or accompanied by investment profiles or other documents or materials prepared by such sponsor firms, which will be provided upon request. For additional information, documents and/or materials, please speak to your Financial Professional or contact your sponsor firm.

© Franklin Templeton.



(800) DIAL BEN/342-5236 franklintempleton.com