FRANKLIN TEMPLETON

Franklin Limited Maturity Municipal SMA

Commentary | as of March 31, 2026

Key Takeaways

- **Markets:** In the first quarter of 2026, new issuance of municipal (muni) bonds exceeded the average seen in the past few years (Source: Barclays). The war in the Middle East which began at the end of February, continued throughout March, dominating market sentiment during the month. By quarter-end, the yield on the benchmark 10-year US Treasury (UST) note moved 15 basis points (bps) higher to 4.32%, and the yield on the 30-year UST bond increased by seven bps to 4.91%. The US Federal Reserve (Fed) Open Market Committee (FOMC) meeting held in March to review economic and financial conditions in the United States, left rates unchanged, and the statement and press conference emphasized uncertainty related to the Iran war. The Fed indicated that it would look through any initial oil supply shock effect on inflation to focus on core developments, while also noting a likely dragging effect on the economy; ultimately the Committee retained an easing bias.
- **Contributors:** none
- **Detractors:** Duration exposure. Overweight high-quality bonds. Emphasis on general obligation issues.
- **Outlook:** Municipal bond valuations continue to appear attractive, particularly on a tax-adjusted basis. In a more challenging environment, strong bottom-up research and disciplined security selection will be essential to identifying relative value and preserving portfolio quality.

Performance Review

- The strategy's tilt toward higher-rated bonds detracted from results as lower-quality issues fared better during the period.
- The strategy's overweight to bond on the longer end of the muni yield curve detracted from performance as yields on the shorter end of the yield curve performed better over the period.

Outlook

- The robust demand witnessed at the start of 2026 has begun to soften amid rising market uncertainty, while supply has persisted at a record-setting pace. Looking ahead to 2026, demand will play a crucial role as supply is projected to reach historical highs, primarily driven by infrastructure capital requirements that can no longer depend on previous government stimulus programs alone. The muni-bond yield curve shifted higher during the quarter.
- Fundamentals remain stable but slower economic growth will constrain revenue expansion across many sectors, particularly with respect to tax revenues. Rainy-day funds remain healthy at the state and local government levels, which should bolster fiscal resilience despite ongoing expense growth.
- Following the market pullback in March, municipal bond valuations have strengthened and continue to appear attractive, particularly on a tax-adjusted basis. Yields remain above five-year averages, allowing investors to lock in compelling income. In a more challenging environment, strong bottom-up research and disciplined security selection will be essential to identifying relative value and preserving portfolio quality.

Average annual total returns (%) - as of March 31, 2026

Composite	3-Mo*	6-Mo*	YTD*	1-Yr	3-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	15-Yr	20-Yr	25-Yr	Inception	Inception Date
Net of Fees	-0.89	-0.27	-0.89	2.43	0.85	-0.66	0.03	0.77	1.41	1.76	1.99	12/31/1999
Pure Gross of Fees	-0.52	0.48	-0.52	3.97	2.36	0.83	1.43	1.93	2.36	2.58	2.78	12/31/1999
Benchmark	-0.62	0.28	-0.62	4.08	2.19	1.27	1.57	1.65	2.32	2.49	2.71	—

*Cumulative total returns

Benchmark(s)

Benchmark =Linked Bloomberg Municipal Managed Money Short/Intermediate (1-10 Year) Index

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Fees: Periods less than one year are not annualized. Performance results are for the composite which includes all actual, fully discretionary accounts with substantially similar investment policies and objectives managed to the composite's investment strategy. Composite returns are stated in U.S. dollars and assume reinvestment of any dividends, interest income, capital gains, or other earnings. The composite may include account(s) that are gross of fees and pure gross of fees. "Pure" gross-of-fee returns do not reflect the deduction of any expenses, including transaction costs. A traditional (or "true") gross-of-fee return reflects performance after the reduction of transaction costs but before the reduction of the investment advisory fee. The gross-of-fee return may include a blend of "true" gross-of-fee returns for non-wrap accounts and "pure" gross-of-fee returns for wrap accounts. Net-of-fee returns is reduced by a model "wrap fee" (1.5% is the maximum anticipated wrap fee for fixed income portfolios) which includes trading expenses as well as investment management, administrative and custodial fees. The model wrap fee used represents the highest anticipated wrap fee applicable to the strategy. Actual fees and account minimums may vary.
For fee schedules, contact your financial professional, or if you enter into an agreement directly with Franklin Templeton Private Portfolio Group, LLC ("FTPPG"), refer to FTPPG's Form ADV Part 2A disclosure document. Management and performance of individual accounts may vary for reasons that include the existence of different implementation practices and model requirements in different investment programs.

What are the Risks?

All investments involve risks, including possible loss of principal. Fixed income securities involve interest rate, credit, inflation and reinvestment risks, and possible loss of principal. As interest rates rise, the value of fixed income securities falls. **Liquidity risk** exists when securities or other investments become more difficult to sell, or are unable to be sold, at the price at which they have been valued. **Active management** does not ensure gains or protect against market declines. Portfolios focused on a **single state** are subject to greater risk of adverse economic and regulatory changes than a geographically diversified portfolio.

Glossary

A **basis point (bp, or bps)** is one one-hundredth of one percent (1/100% or 0.01%).

Duration is a measure of the sensitivity of a bond's price to changes in interest rates.

The **yield curve** shows the relationship between yields and maturity dates for a similar class of bonds.

Important Information

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The **Bloomberg Municipal Managed Money Short/Intermediate (1-10 Year) Index** is the 1-10 year component of the Bloomberg Managed Money Index and measures the performance of the publicly traded municipal bonds that cover the USD-denominated short/intermediate term tax exempt bond market, including state and local general obligation bonds, revenue bonds, insured bonds, and pre-refunded bonds. Source: Bloomberg Indices.

Important data provider notices and terms available at www.franklintempletondatasources.com. All data is subject to change.

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