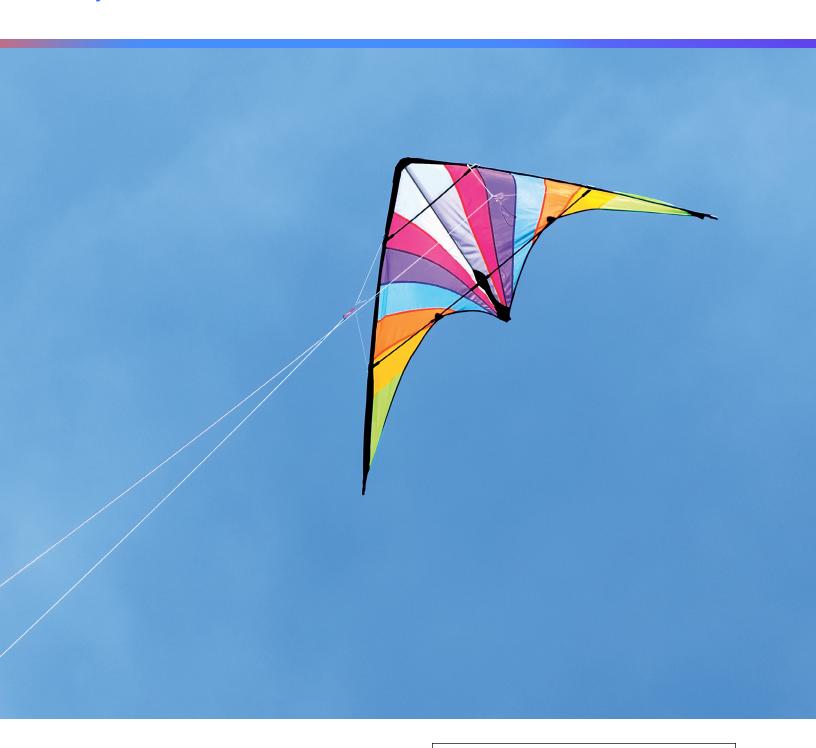


Rising rates

What you need to know



Understanding the impact of rising rates

⁶⁶An investment in knowledge pays the best interest."

Benjamin Franklin

It's important to know that the primary reasons for owning fixed income investments don't change when market conditions, including interest rates, change. In addition to providing income, fixed income strategies are an important component of a well-diversified portfolio, often serving as a potentially less volatile option to offset equity market volatility.

The following pages will review how interest rate movements affect fixed income investments, the factors that can impact interest rates, and why certain fixed income strategies are typically less interest rate sensitive than others.

What drives interest rates?

To better understand the impact rising interest rates can have on your investments, you need to know the relationship between bond prices and interest rates, and the different factors that can influence short- and long-term rates. It is also worth noting that short- and long-term rates don't necessarily move in tandem.

When interest rates go up, prices go down (and vice versa)

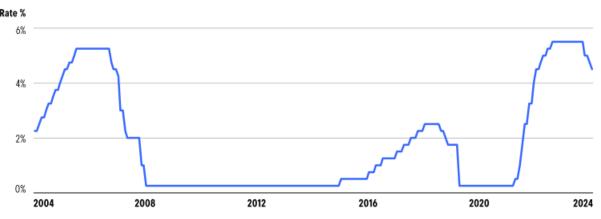
Typically, bond prices and interest rates move in opposite directions. That means when interest rates rise, bond prices tend to fall, and conversely, when interest rates decline, bond prices tend to increase. Likewise, the share price of a fixed income mutual fund or ETF may move up or down, depending on movements in interest rates and their effect on the value of the bonds held in the fund's portfolio.

What is the federal funds rate, and why is it important?

The central bank for the US, the Federal Reserve (Fed), controls the federal funds target rate. This is the rate commercial banks charge other banks for overnight loans, but it also strongly influences the rates of other short-term investments. Generally, the Fed reduces the federal funds target rate to try and stimulate a sluggish economy, and may raise rates when the economy is thriving to prevent inflation from getting too high.

The Federal Funds Target Rate¹

20-Year Period Ended December 31, 2024

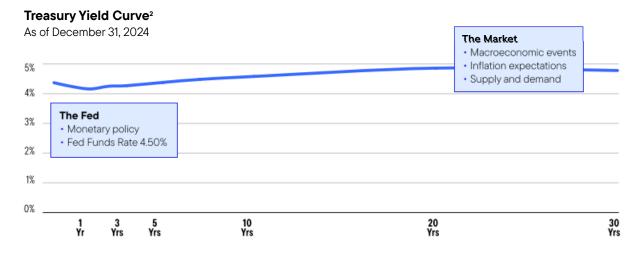


1. Sources: © 2025 Federal Reserve, Bloomberg.

1 Rising rates franklintempleton.com

Factors that influence long-term rates

The illustration below shows the yields associated with bonds of different maturity lengths. While short-term rates are largely influenced by the Fed, long-term rates, as represented by yields of 10-year and 30-year Treasury bonds, are typically market-driven. Macroeconomic events influence long-term rates (such as economic expansions or contractions), inflation expectations, and supply and demand factors (including demand from foreign central banks).



This chart is for illustrative purposes only and does not reflect the performance of any Franklin Templeton fund. **Past performance does not guarantee future results.**

Inflation has historically influenced long-term rates

While different factors may affect interest rates at any given time, over the long term, inflation (or the rate at which the prices of goods and services are rising) has been a key driver. Inflation is often a sign that the economy is expanding, and expectations of growing inflation by the market may cause long-term rates to move higher.

10-Year US Treasury Yield vs. Core CPI (Inflation) Year-over-Year³



2. Sources: Bloomberg, Federal Reserve. Important data provider notices and terms available at www.franklintempletondatasources.com.

franklintempleton.com Rising rates

^{3.} Sources: Bloomberg, Federal Reserve H.15 Report, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Rising rates don't impact all fixed income sectors equally

The size and scope of the fixed income market is much larger than the stock market. Within this large marketplace, different fixed income asset classes have their own unique characteristics and risks, including interest rate sensitivity.

Annual Total Returns of Key Fixed Income Sectors (1995-2024)⁴

| the fixed income market | | | | 1 1 | | | l | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|
| is much larger than the | 1995 | 1996 | 1 997 High-Yield | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 Preferreds | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 High-Yield | 2007 TIPS | 2008 10-Year US | 2009 High-Yield | 2010 High-Yield | 2011 10-Year US | 2012 | 2013 High-Yield | 2014 Preferreds | 2015 Preferreds | 2016 High-Yield | 2017 Preferreds | 2018 | 2019 Preferreds | 2020 TIPS | 2021 TIPS | 2022 Floating-Rate | 2023 High-Yield | 2024 loating-Rate | Best |
| stock market. Within | Emerging Markets | Emerging Markets | Bonds | Bonds | Emerging Markets | Preterious | Grade Corp. | Bonds | Bonds | Bonds | Emerging Markets | Bonds | IIrs | Treasury | Bonds | Bonds | Treasury | Emerging Markets | Bonds | Presentous | Presentous | Bonds | Freieneus | Securities | Presenteds | III's | 100 | Loans | Bonds | Loans . | 4 |
| this large marketplace, | Debt 26.38% | 35.23% | 12.21% | 17.79% | 24.18% | 16.20% | Bonds 10.31% | 21.99% | 27.94% | 12.14% | 10.73% | 11.92% | 11.64% | Bonds 20.30% | 54.22% | 14.42% | 8onds 15,99% | Debt 18.54% | 7.53% | 15.44% | 7.58% | 18.26% | 10.58% | 1.77% | 17.71% | 10.99% | 5.96% | -1.06% | 13.55% | 9.05% | 1 ' |
| different fixed income | 10-Year US | High-Yield | Emerging Markets | Global Bonds | Floating-Rate | 10-Year US | Preferreds | Global Bonds | Emerging Markets | High-Yield | Floating-Rate | Emerging Markets | International | Global Bonds | Floating-Rate | Preferreds | TIPS | High-Yield | Floating-Rate | 10-Year US | Municipal | Emerging Markets | International | Short-Term | Investment- | International | High-Yield | Short-Term | Floating-Rate | High-Yield | ' |
| asset classes have | Treasury Bonds | Bonds | Debt | | Loans | Bonds 14,45% | | | Debt | Bonds | Loans | Debt | Bonds | | Leans | | | Bonds | Loans | Treasury Bonds | Bonds | Debt | Bonds | Bonds 1.67% | Grade Corp. Bonds | Bonds | Bonds | Bonds | Loans | Bonnes . | |
| their own unique | 23.73% | Floating-Rate | 11.95% 10-Year US | 15.30% 10-Year US | 4.69% High-Yeld | $\overline{}$ | 9.84% Asset-Backed | 19.49% TIPS | 25.66% | 11.Vent | 5.69% | 9.88% Preferreds | 11,45% Global Bonds | 10.89% | 44.87% | 13.66% | 13.56% Municipal | 14.77% Preferreds | 6.15% Short-Term | 10.72% Municipal | 3.30% | 10.19% Floating-Rate | 10.33% | 1.07% Agencies | 14.54% | 10.78% 10-Year US | 5.49% Floating-Rate | -2.79% Asset-Backed | 13.04% | 7.89% Preferreds | |
| characteristics and risks, | Investment- Grade Corp. | Loans . | Treasury | Treasury | Bonds | Emerging Markets | Securities | IIF3 | Bonds | Markets | Municipal Bonds | Presentado | Groom Borros | Bonds | Emerging Markets | Emerging Markets | Bonds | Presentado | Government | Bonds | Mortgage- Backed | Loans | Markets | Agencies | Markets | Treasury | Loans | Securities | Emerging Markets Debt | Preterious | |
| including interest rate | Bonds 22.25% | 7.48% | Bonds 11.27% | Bonds 12.88% | 3.59% | Debt 14,41% | 9.81% | 16.57% | 18.52% | Debt 11.73% | 3.51% | 8.10% | 10.95% | 10.11% | 28.18% | 12.04% | 10.70% | 13.59% | 0.39% | 9:05% | Securities 1.51% | 9.88% | 9.32% | 1.34% | Debt 14.42% | Bonds 10.37% | 5.40% | -4.30% | 10.45% | 7.05% | ' |
| sensitivity. | Preferreds | Preferreds | Investment- | Agencies | Short-Term | TIPS | Agencies | 10-Year US | Global Bonds | Global Bonds | TIPS | Floating-Rate Loans | 10-Year US | Agencies | Asset-Backed | Floating-Rate | | Investment- | Asset-Backed | Investment- | Asset-Backed | Investment- | Global Bonds | Municipal | High-Yield | Global Bonds | Preferreds | Agencies | Preferreds | Emerging | ' |
| This table shows the | | 2.44 | Grade Corp. Bonds | 0.000 | Bonds 3.41% | | | Treasury Bonds | | 10.050 | | | Bonds | | Securities | Loans | Markets Debt | Grade Corp. Bonds | Securities | Grade Corp. Bonds | Securities | Grade Corp. Bonds | 2 101 | Bonds | Bonds | | | 2020 | 10.000 | Markets Debt | ' |
| annual returns of key | 20.41% High-Yield | 7.44% Moderne | 10.23% Professorie | 8.85% | 3.4T% | 13.18% Agencies | 8.31% Short-Term | 14.66% | 14,91% Floating-Rate | 10.35% TIPS | 2.84% Moderne | 7.33% | 9.77% Agencies | 9.26% | 24.71% Preferreds | 9.98% | 8.46% | 9.82% Election State | -0.27% Agencies | 7.46% Moderne | 1.25% | 6.TTX | 7,49% High-Yield | 1.28% Floating-Rate | 14.00% 10-Year US | 10.11% | 2.24% Municipal | -7,87% Municipal | 10.21% Investment- | 5.73% | ' |
| fixed income sectors from | Bonds | Backed | Figure | Grade Corp. | 100 | Agricon | Government | Emerging Markets | Loons | | Backed | Bonds | Aprilan | Mortgage- Backed | Frenchisos | Grade Corp. | | Loans | ~ | Backed | Emerging Markets | 100 | Bonds | Loans | Treasury | Grade Corp. | Bonds | | Grade Corp. | Securities | |
| 1995–2024, ordered from | 19.68% | 5.35% | 9.99% | 8.57% | 2.39% | 12.18% | Bonds 8.23% | Debt 13.11% | 11.01% | 8.46% | 2.61% | 6.94% | 7.90% | Securities 8.34% | 20.07% | 9.00% | Bonds 8.15% | 9.43% | -1.38% | 6.08% | 1.23% | 4.68% | 7.03% | 134% | 8.85% | 9:89% | 1.62% | -8.53% | 8.52% | 5.02% | |
| high to low. The outlined | International Bonds | Short-Term | Agencies | Asset-Backed Securities | Mortgage- Backed | Municipal Bonds | Mortgage- Backed | Agencies | Preferreds | Floating-Rate | Agencies | Global Bonds | Mortgage- Backed | Short-Term | Investment- Grade Corp. | 10-Year US | Global Bonds | TIPS | Mortgage- Backed | Emerging Markets | Agencies | Preferreds | Investment- Grade Corp. | Mortgage- Backed | TIPS | Preferreds | Short-Term | High-Yield Bonds | Municipal Bonds | Short-Term | ' |
| columns denote years | 19.55% | Bonds | 9.70% | 7.76% | Securities | | Securities | N.OW | 0.400 | E 400 | 0.000 | 4 100 | Securities | Bonds 5.96% | Bonds | Bonds Bonds | 4.05W | 4.000 | Securities | Debt | LOW | 0.000 | Bonds | Securities | 0.400 | 4.059 | Bonds -0.32% | | 6.40% | Bonds | ' |
| when the federal funds | Global Bonds | 5.32% Asset Backed | Modeson- | | 1.86% Asset-Backed | 11.68% Mortoson | 8.22% TIPS | 11.01% | 9.43% TIPS | 5.60% Investment | 2.33% High-Yield | Mortoson- | 6.90% Short-Term | TIPS | 18.68% Municipal | 8.10% TIPS | Mortoson- | 6.98% Municipal | -1.41% | 5.53% TIPS | 10-Year US | 2.32% Asset-Backed | 6.42 % | 0.99% 10-Year US | 8.43% Floating-Rate | 6.95% Emersion | Asset-Backed | -10.55% Mortsone- | International | 4.41% | |
| target rate and/or the | | Securities | Backed Securities | Mortgage- Backed Securities | Securities | Mortgage- Backed Securities | | Grade Corp. Bonds | | Grade Corp. Bonds | Bonds | Mortgage- Backed Securities | Government Bonds | | Bonds | | Mortgage- Backed Securities | Bonds | Grade Corp. Bonds | | Treasury Bonds | Securities | Bonds | Treasury Bonds | Loans | Emerging Markets Date | Securities | Mortgage- Backed Securities | Bonds | | ' |
| 10-year Treasury bond | 19:04% | 5.05% | 9,49% | 6.96% | 1.82% | 11,16% | 7.90% | 10.12% | 8.40% | 5.39% | 2.26% | 5.22% | 6.64% | -2.35% | 12:91% | 6.31% | 6.23% | 6.78% | -1.53% | 3.64% | 0.90% | 2.03% | 5.45% | -0.02% | 8.17% | 5.88% | -0.34% | -11.81% | 5.83% | 3.16% | ' |
| yield increased. | Agencies | Municipal Bonds | Municipal Bonds | Preferreds | Agencies | Asset-Backed Securities | High-Yield Bonds | Municipal Bonds | Investment- Grade Corp. | Preferreds | Asset-Backed Securities | Municipal Bonds | Emerging Markets | Municipal Bonds | TIPS | Asset-Backed Securities | High-Yield Bonds | 10-Year US Treasury | Municipal Bonds | Agencies | Short-Term Government | International Bonds | Floating-Rate Loans | Global Bonds | Municipal Bonds | Agencies | Investment- Grade Corp. | TIPS | | Investment- Grade Corp. | |
| , | 18.27% | 4.43% | 9,19% | 6.72% | -0.94% | 10.84% | 6.16% | 9.60% | Bonds 8.24% | 5.11% | 2.09% | 4.84% | Debt 6.28% | -2.47% | 11.41% | 5.85% | 5.47% | Bonds 4.23% | -2.55% | 3.58% | Bonds 0.31% | 1.01% | 4.25% | -0.84% | 7.54% | 5.48% | Bonds -1.04% | -11.85% | 5.54% | Bonds 2.13% | |
| | Municipal | International | Floating-Rate | Short-Term | Investment- | Investment- | Municipal | _ | Municipal | 10-Year US | 10-Year US | Asset-Backed | Investment- | Investment- | Mortgage- | | International | Asset-Backed | Preferreds | Floating-Rate | Floating-Rate | Mortgage- | TIPS | TIPS | Mortgage- | High-Yield | Mortgage- | Preferreds | Global Bonds | TIPS | |
| | Bonds | Bonds | Loans | Government Bonds | Grade Corp. Bonds | Grade Corp. Bonds | Bonds | Mortgage- Backed Securities | Bonds | Treasury Bonds | Treasury Bonds | Securities | Grade Corp. Bonds | Grade Corp. Bonds | Backed Securities | Mortgage- Backed Securities | Bonds | Securities | | Loans | Loans | Mortgage- Backed Securities | | | Backed Securities | Bonds | Backed Securities | | | | |
| | 17.45% | 4.08% | 8.30% | 6.59% | -1.96% | 9.08% | 5.13% | 8.75% | 5.31% | 4.87% | 2.04% | 4.70% | 4.56% | -4.94% | 5.89% | 5.37% | 5.17% | 3.66% | -3.65% | 2.06% | -0.38% | 1,67% | 3.01% | -1.26% | 6.35% | 5.48% | -1.04% | -14.60% | 5.19% | 1.84% | |
| | Mortgage- Backed | Global Bonds | Asset-Backed Securities | Municipal Bonds | Municipal Bonds | Short-Term Government | 10-Year US Treasury | Asset-Backed Securities | Asset-Backed Securities | Mortgage- Backed | Short-Term Government | Agencies | Municipal Bonds | Emerging Markets | International Bonds | International Bonds | Asset Backed Securities | Mortgage- Backed | Global Bonds | Asset-Backed Securities | Investment- Grade Corp. | Global Bonds | Mortgage- Backed | International Bonds | Global Bonds | Municipal Bonds | Agencies | Investment- Grade Corp. | Agencies | Mortgage- Backed | |
| | Securities 16.80% | 3,62% | 7.41% | 6.48% | -2.06% | Government Bonds 7.66% | Bonds 4.01% | 8.55% | 4.0% | Securities 4.70% | Bonds 1,93% | 4.37% | 3.36% | -10:91% | 4.39% | 5.21% | 5.14% | Securities 2.59% | -4.00% | 1.88% | Bonds -0.68% | 1,60% | Securities 2.47% | -1.82% | 5.90% | 5.21% | -1.32% | Bonds -15.76% | 5.13% | Securities 1.20% | |
| | Asset-Backed | Agencies | Short-Term | Floating-Rate | Global Bonds | Floating-Rate | Floating-Rate | Preferreds | Mortsone- | Municipal | Investment- | Investment- | High-Yield | Asset-Backed | Global Bonds | Global Bonds | | Agencies | International | High-Yield | TIPS | Agencies | 10-Year US | High-Yield | Agencies | Asset-Backed | Emerging Markets | Emerging Markets | Mortoure. | Municipal | |
| | Securities | | Government Bonds | Loans | | Loans | Loans | | Backed Securities | Bonds | Grade Corp. Bonds | Grade Corp. Bonds | Bonds | Securities | | | | | Bonds | Bonds | | | Treasury Bonds | Bonds | | Securities | Debt | Markets Debt | Backed Securities | Bonds | ' |
| | 13.43% | 3.29% | 6.40% | 5.31% | -4.27% | 4.94% | 2.65% | 7.66% | 3.07% | 4.48% | 1.68% | 4.30% | 2.65% | -12.72% | 2.55% | 5.17% | 4.82% | 2.16% | -4.56% | 1.86% | -1.44% | 1.39% | 2.13% | -2.37% | 5.89% | 4.52% | -1.51% | -16.45% | 5.05% | 1.05% | ' |
| | Short-Term Government | Grade Corp. | Global Bonds | TIPS | Preferreds | Global Bonds | Emerging Markets | Short-Term Government | Agencies | Agencies | Preferreds | Short-Term Government | Asset-Backed Securities | Preferreds | Agencies | Agencies | Preferreds | Global Bonds | Emerging Markets | Short-Term Government | Global Bonds | Government | Agencies | Grade Corp. | Bonds Bonds | Mortgage- Backed | 10-Year US Treasury | Treasury | Short-Term Government | 10-Year US Treasury | |
| | 9.77% | 3.28% | 0.23% | 3.95% | -4.43% | 1,59% | Debt 1.36% | Bonds 5.13% | 2.59% | 3.33% | 0.96% | Bonds 4.18% | 2.21% | -25.24% | 1.53% | 4.36% | 4.11% | 1.65% | -6.58% | Bonds 0.41% | -3.57% | Bonds 0.83% | 2.06% | -2.51% | 5.32% | Securities 3.87% | -3.57% | Bonds -16.65% | Bonds 4.39% | Bonds -1.67% | |
| | Floating-Rate | 10-Year US | International | High-Yield | International | International | Global Bonds | High-Yield | Short-Term | Asset-Backed | Global Bonds | | Floating-Rate | | Short-Term | Municipal | Floating-Rate | | 10-Year US | Global Bonds | High-Yield | Municipal | Asset Backed | Preferreds | | Floating-Rate | Global Bonds | Global Bonds | TIPS | Nobal Bonds | |
| | Loans | Bonds | Bonds | Bonds | Bonds | Bonds | | Bonds | Bonds | Securities | | Bonds | Loans | Bonds | Bonds | Bonds | Loans | Bonds | Treasury Bonds | | Bonds | Bonds | Securities | | Securities | Loans | | | | | |
| | 8.91% TIPS | TIPS | -4.20% TIPS | 0.55% | -5.07% 10-Year US | -2.63% High-Yield | -0.99% International | 3.10% Floating-Rate | 1.89% 10-Year US | 3.0T% Short-Term | -0.88% | 1.38% TIPS | 1.88% | -26.17% Floating-Rate | 1,28% 10-Year US | 2.38% Short-Term | 1.82% Short-Term | 1.57% | -7.85% Table | -0.48% | -4.93% | 0.25% 10-Year US | 1.55% Short-Term | -4.34% Encodes | 4.53% Short-Term | 2.78% | -6.97% | -18.26% International | 3.90% 10-Year US | -2.87% stemption of | |
| | III's | IIra | IIFa | Emerging Markets | Treasury | Bonds | Bonds | Loans | Treasury | Government | Bonds | III'a | Preventous | Loans . | Treasury | Government | Government | Government | IPS | Bonds | Bonds | Treasury | Government | Emerging Markets | Government | Government | Bonds | Bonds | Treasury | Bonds | |
| | N/A | N/A | N/A | -11.54% | -8.41% | -5.66% | -3.54% | 1.12% | 1.25% | 0:92% | -9.20% | 0.41% | -11.31% | -28.75% | -9.92% | 1.65% | 1.01% | 0.37% | -8.61% | -2.68% | -5.54% | -0.14% | 0.41% | -4.68% | 3.24% | 2.54% | -9.68% | -22.07% | 3.54% | -5.32% | ▼ Worst |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | The same |
| Year-End Federal Funds Target Rate: | 5.50% | 5.25% | 5.50% | 4.75% | 5.50% | 6.50% | 1.75% | 1.25% | 1.00% | 2.25% | 4.25% | 5.25% | 4.25% | 0.25% | 0.25% | 0.25% | 0.25% | 0.25% | 0.25% | 0.25% | 0.50% | 0.75% | 1.50% | 2.50% | 1.75% | 0.25% | 0.25% | 4.50% | 5.50% | 4.50% | |
| Year-End 10-Year Treasury Bond Yield: | 5.58% | 6.43% | 5.75% | 4.65% | 6.45% | 5.12% | 5.07% | 3.83% | 4.27% | 4.24% | 4.39% | 4.71% | 4.04% | 2.25% | 3.85% | 3.30% | 1.89% | 1.78% | 3.04% | 2.17% | 2.27% | 2.45% | 2.40% | 2.69% | 1.92% | 0.93% | 1.52% | 3.88% | 3.88% | 4.58% | |
| Year-End 6-Month CD Yield: | 5.37% | 5.46% | 5.74% | 4.97% | 6.08% | 6.10% | 1.92% | 1.32% | 1.16% | 2.72% | 4.65% | 5.32% | 4.62% | 1.70% | 0.28% | 0.40% | 0.64% | 0.33% | 0.33% | 0.43% | 0.85% | 1.27% | 1.82% | 2.82% | 1.79% | 0.22% | 0.31% | 4.97% | 5.29% | 4.42% | ŀ |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

This chart is for illustrative purposes only and does not reflect the performance of any Franklin Templeton fund. Past performance does not guarantee future results. Fund performance can be obtained at franklintempleton.com.

Diversification does not guarantee a profit or protect against a loss. It's important to note that CDs are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) for up to \$250,000 and offer a fixed rate of return. Treasuries, if held to maturity, offer a fixed rate of return and fixed principal value; their interest payments and principal are guaranteed.

4. Sources: Credit Suisse, ICE BofA, Bloomberg, FTSE Russell, J.P. Morgan and © 2025 Morningstar.

■ High-Yield Bonds are represented by Credit Suisse High Yield Index: ■ Emerging Markets Debt is represented by J.P. Morgan Emerging Market Bond Index Global; ■ Floating-Rate Loans are represented by Credit Suisse Leveraged Loan Index; International Bonds are represented by FTSE World Government Bond Index Non-US; Global Bonds are represented by FTSE World Government Bond Index; TIPS are represented by Bloomberg US TIPS Index; Municipal Bonds are represented by Bloomberg Municipal Bond Index; Mortgage-Backed Securities are represented by Bloomberg US MBS Index: Asset-Backed Securities are represented by Bloomberg Asset-Backed Securities Index; Im Investment-Grade Corporate Bonds are represented by Bloomberg US Corporate Investment Grade Index; Short-Term Government Bonds are represented by Bloomberg US Government 1-2 Year Index; Agencies are represented by Bloomberg US Agency Index; 10-Year US Treasury Bonds are represented by FTSE Treasury Benchmark 10-Year Index; Preferreds are represented by ICE BofA Fixed Rate Preferred Securities Index.

Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Indexes are unmanaged and one cannot invest directly in an index. Index returns do not reflect any fees, expenses or sales charges. Please see page 8 for definitions of indexes shown here.

3 Rising rates franklintempleton.com franklintempleton.com Rising rates

Strategies to consider during a rising rate environment

Interest rate sensitivity can vary across sectors within the fixed income universe. Generally speaking, higher quality sectors (such as US government bonds) and longer duration bonds have tended to be the most vulnerable to interest rate volatility. The following strategies have historically been less interest-rate sensitive though they may be subject to additional risks.

Consider creditoriented strategies

- High-yield bonds
- Floating-rate loans

Credit-oriented sectors and, in particular, non-investment grade sectors such as high-yield corporate bonds and floating-rate bank loans, have historically been less correlated to US Treasuries as their performance is typically tied more to the overall economic outlook and corporate earnings landscape than interest rates.

Keep it short

- Adjustable-rate mortgages
- Short-term government bonds
- Floating-rate loans

Shorter duration securities are generally not as sensitive to long-term rate movements and can offer an attractive alternative to longer duration securities where rising rates typically have a greater effect on price and valuations.

Go global

- Global bonds
- International bonds

International and global strategies can seek to capitalize on the differing business cycles and economic conditions present around the world, and thus are typically less impacted by rate changes in the US.

How to prepare for rising rates

It's impossible to predict the exact timing and direction of interest rates changes. And, while rising interest rates will likely generate news headlines, investors should avoid overreacting. Instead, work with your financial professional to determine the best plan to keep your long-term investment strategy on track.

To learn more about Franklin Templeton products that might benefit your investment strategy, talk to your financial professional. They offer market knowledge, planning expertise and will consider your investment needs to create an investment strategy tailored to your specific goals and risk tolerance.

The upside of rising rates

While there is often apprehension at the prospect of rates increasing, it's important to remember the potential upside as well. Rising rates may indicate economic expansion, which can lead to increased interest payments over time.

What about stocks?

Most people associate rising interest rates with bonds, but many investors may not consider the impact on equities. When rates are rising due to economic growth, it also tends to mean businesses and consumers are increasing their spending on goods and services—all of which can be good for the stock market.

And alternatives?

Alternative hedge strategies can offer additional diversification to traditional stock and bond portfolios. Hedge strategies have historically shown a negative correlation to 10-year Treasuries.⁵

5. Source: © 2025 Morningstar Direct. Based on the 15-year period ended 12/31/24. Hedge strategies are represented by the HFRI Fund Weighted Composite Index, 10-Year US Treasuries are represented by the FTSE Treasury Benchmark 10-Year Index. Indexes are unmanaged and one cannot invest directly in an index. Treasuries, if held to maturity, offer a fixed rate of return and fixed principal value; their interest payments and principal are backed by the full faith and credit of the US government. Past performance does not guarantee future results.

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Franklin Templeton

Offering investment specialization with global scale

Franklin Templeton brings together an unmatched collection of autonomous specialist investment managers to provide our clients deep expertise and specialization within and across asset classes, investment styles, and geographies. This combination of multiple investment groups in one company provides investment specialization with global scale. With roots that date back more than 75 years and \$1.6 trillion in assets under management, Franklin Templeton today is one of the largest global asset managers.⁶



6. As of 12/31/2024.

WHAT ARE THE RISKS?

All investments involve risks, including possible loss of principal. Bond prices generally move in the opposite direction of interest rates. As interest rates rise, bond prices typically fall. Changes in the credit rating of a bond, or in the credit rating or financial strength of a bond's issuer, insurer or guarantor, may affect the bond's value. Floating-rate loans and high-yield corporate bonds are generally rated below investment grade and are subject to greater risk of default, which could result in loss of principal, a risk that may be heightened in a slowing economy. The risks of foreign securities include currency fluctuations and political uncertainty. Investments in developing markets involve heightened risks related to the same factors, in addition to those associated with their relatively small size and lesser liquidity.

Alternatives: Hedge strategies are actively managed and could experience losses if an investment manager's judgment about markets, future volatility, interest rates, industries, sectors, and regions, or the attractiveness or the potential appreciation of particular investments prove to be incorrect. Short sales of securities involve the risk that losses may exceed the original amount invested. Merger arbitrage investments risk loss if a proposed organization in which the fund invests is renegotiated or terminated.

This communication is general in nature and intended for educational purposes only; it should not be considered tax, legal or investment advice, or an investment recommendation. Consult your financial professional for personalized advice that is tailored to your specific goals, individual situation and risk tolerance.

Index definitions

Credit Suisse High-Yield Index is designed to mirror the investible universe of the US dollar denominated high-yield debt market.

J.P. Morgan Emerging Markets Bond Index Global tracks total returns for US dollar denominated debt instruments issued by emerging market sovereign and quasi-sovereign entities.

Credit Suisse Leveraged Loan Index is designed to mirror the investible universe of the US dollar denominated leveraged loan market.

FTSE World Government Bond Index Non-US is a market capitalization weighted index consisting of investment-grade world government bonds (apart from US).

FTSE World Government Bond Index is a market capitalization weighted index consisting of investment-grade world government bonds.

Bloomberg US TIPS Index covers the universe of inflation-protected notes issued by the US Treasury that have at least one year to final maturity.

Bloomberg Municipal Bond Index is a market-value-weighted index engineered for the long-term tax-exempt bond market.

Bloomberg US MBS Index is the MBS component of the Bloomberg US Aggregate Index and covers agency mortgage-backed pass-through securities (both fixed rate and hybrid ARM) issued by Ginnie Mae (GNMA), Fannie Mae (FNMA), and Freddie Mac (FHLMC).

Bloomberg Asset-Backed Securities (ABS) Index is the ABS component of the Bloomberg US Aggregate Index and includes credit and charge card, auto, and utility loans.

Bloomberg US Corporate Investment Grade Index is the US corporate component of the Bloomberg US Credit Index and covers USD-denominated, investment-grade, fixed-rate, taxable securities sold by industrial, utility, and financial institution issuers.

Bloomberg US Government Index: 1–2-Year Component is the 1–2-year component of the Bloomberg US Government Index.

Bloomberg US Government Index is the US Government component of the US Government/Credit index and includes public obligations of the US Treasury with at least one year to final maturity and publicly issued debt of US Government agencies, quasi-federal corporations, and corporate or foreign debt guaranteed by the US Government.

Bloomberg US Agency Index is the US agency component of the Bloomberg US Government/Credit Index and includes publicly issued debt of US Government agencies, quasi-federal corporations, and corporate or foreign debt guaranteed by the US Government.

FTSE 10-Year US Treasury Index is a total return index based on a constant maturity instrument.

BofA Preferred Stock Fixed Rate Index tracks the performance of fixed rate US dollar-denominated preferred securities issued in the US domestic market.

US Treasuries are direct debt obligations issued and backed by the "full faith and credit" of the US government. The US government guarantees the principal and interest payments on US Treasuries when the securities are held to maturity. Unlike US Treasuries, debt securities issued by the federal agencies and instrumentalities and related investments may or may not be backed by the full faith and credit of the US government. Even when the US government guarantees principal and interest payments on securities, this guarantee does not apply to losses resulting from declines in the market value of these securities.

The Consumer Price Index (CPI) is a measure of the average change over time in the prices paid by urban consumers for a market basket of consumer goods and services.

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